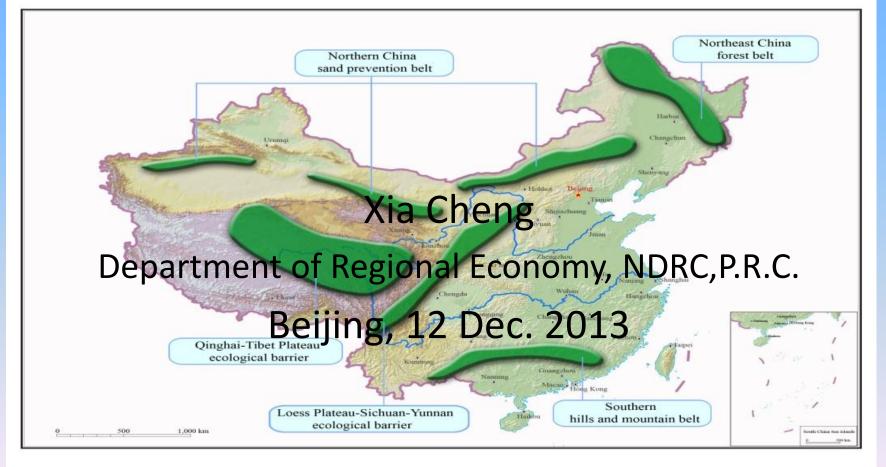
## China's Sustainable Development Reports(1997/2002/2012)



Part1: The general consideration and preparation process of the China's report

the general consideration

preparation process

propagation

### The general consideration

#### China's Agenda 21 – White Paper on China's Population, Environment, and Development in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century, 1994

### National reports on sustainable development, 1997/2002/2012



1,

Report inable Development <sub>可持续发展国家报告</sub>

### 华人民共和国

eople's Republic of China al Report tainable Development

BeiJing · 2012

Beijing · 2002



### 1. The general consideration



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#### 2. Compiling ways- Organisational Institutions

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Organizations and their members for the compilation of the People's Republic of China National Report on Sustainable Development

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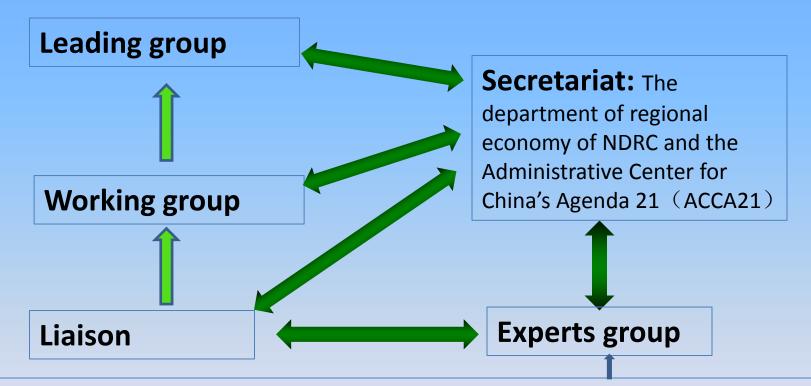
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### 2. Compiling ways- Organisational Institutions



ACCA21; the Academy of Macroeconomic Research of NDRC; the Chinese Academy of Sciences; the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences ;etc.

### 2、Compiling process (1)The first phase(2011.3—2011.9) establish the framework of the NRSD , compile the thematic materials and the draft NRSD . (2)The second phase(2011.10—2012.5) revise and approve NRSD





In June 1 of 2012, held a press conference In June 16 of 2012, held the side event of "China's Progress on Sustainable Development& Expectations of Rio+20" in Rio center





#### "China pavilion" in the Rio's athlete village



Part2:Main viewpoints of the China NRSD: Achievements, challenges and plan

- 1、 Report structure
- 2 The main points of the Report
- 3、Situation, challenges and plans in the future



4 parts of national reports on sustainable development (1997/2002)

Overview

Sustainable Development Actions and Achievements
 Gained in the Major Fields

 China's Course of Action Policies and Measures for Further Implementation of the Sustainable Development Strategy

China's Basic Principles and Positions on Several
 International Issues relating to Sustainable development



**Chapter2 of national reports (1997):** the establishment and implementation of sustainable development

• the sustainable development strategy was the inevitable choice of Chinese government

•formulating the "China's Agenda 21"

•implementing the "China's Agenda 21" by the plan for national economic and social, etc.



**Reports (2012):** The Actions and Achievements Gained in the Major Fields to five chapters

- Adjustment of the Economic Structure and Transition of the Development Model
- Human Development and Social Progress
- Sustainable Utilization of Resources
- Eco-Environmental Protection and Response to Climate
   Change
- •Capacity Building for Sustainable Development International Cooperation as one specific chapter



#### Forward and chapter 1

Section I Overall progress of China's sustainable development

Section II Situation and challenges facing sustainable development in China

Section III General way of thinking for China's sustainable development

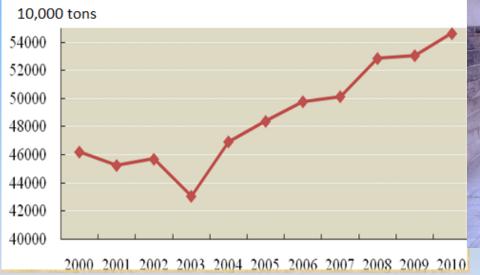
Section IV China's principle stance in promoting global sustainable development

# 2 Main points- Economic development

**Chapter 2:** Adjustment of the Economic Structure and Transition of the Development Model

- Section I Improve sustainable agricultural productivity
- Section II Adhere to the new path to industrialization
- Section III Focus on the development of modern service industry
- Section IV Promote balanced regional development and poverty alleviation
- •Section V Advocate green consumption

### 2 Main points-Chapter 2





China's grain production over the past decade

"Love of the Earth • Water Cellar for Mothers" project



**Chapter 3:** Human Development and Social Progress

- Section I Sustainable and Balanced Population Development
- •Section II Strive to Improve the Overall Competence of People
- Section III Constantly Raise the Level of Employment
- Section IV Establish a Sound Social Security System
- Section V Gradually Improve the Human Settlements



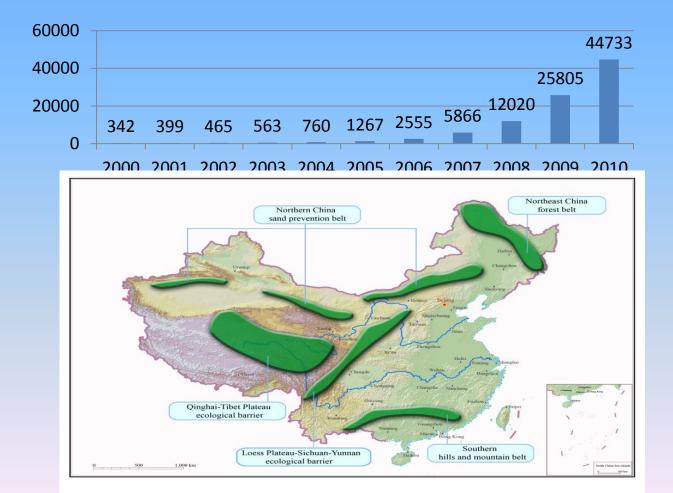


**Chapter 4: Sustainable Utilization of Resources** 

**Chapter 5**: Eco-Environmental Protection and Response to Climate Change

- Section I Promote energy conservation and new energy development
- Section II Develop and utilize mineral resources rationally
- •Section III Utilize land resources in an economical and intensive way
- Section IV Promote the Sustainable Use of Water Resources
- Section V Rationally develop and vigorous protect marine resources
  - Section I Control of Environmental Pollution
  - Section II Conduct Ecological Preservation and Restoration
  - Section III Vigorously Address Climate Change

# 2 Main points-Chapter 4-5



Wind Power Generation Capacity from 2000 to 2010 65 Gw built up by the end of 2011

China's strategic ecological safety structure as "two shelters and three belts"



#### **Chapter 6: Capacity Building for Sustainable Development**

#### **Chapter 7: International Cooperation**

- Section I Strengthen capacity for scientific and technological innovation
- •Section II Strengthen capacity in disaster prevention and mitigation
- Section III Carry out pilot demonstration for sustainable development
- •Section IV Establish a sound legal system
- Section V Encourage public participation
  - Section I Strengthen cooperation with developing countries
  - Section II Strengthen cooperation with developed countries

•Section III The role of international cooperation platform

•Section IV Compliance with the international conventions on environment and development



Chapter 8: China's principled stance on the United
Nations Conference on Sustainable Development
Section I Objectives and themes

#### Section II Key areas

13 key issues: capital and technology transfer, poverty elimination, rural and agricultural development, urbanization, energy, water, oceans, climate change, disaster prevention and mitigation, biological diversity, desertification, forests and wetlands



### Situation and challenges:

- (1) Global sustainable development is faced with many long-term pressures
- (2)The lack of fairness remains a huge challenge to global sustainable development
- •(3) China still faces tremendous development pressure
- ●(4) The fragility of the natural ecological environment exerts tremendous pressure on the sustainable development in China
- •(5) The resources constraints have become the great challenges of sustainable development
- •(6) Economic and social structural problems are prominent in China

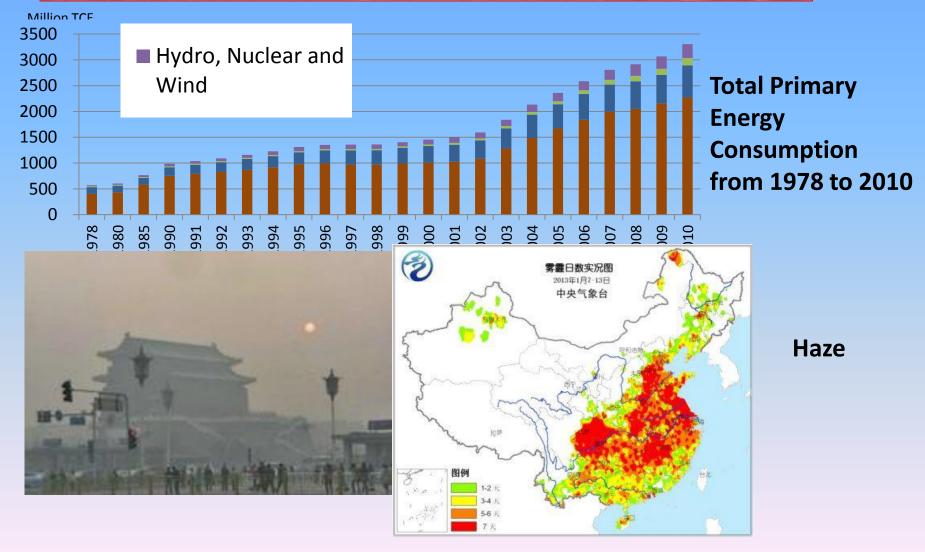




China still has more than100 million people living below the poverty line according to the new standard



# 3 Challenges- Resources and Environment



**3** Situation, challenges and plans in future

Overall next step consideration :

- (1) Economic restructuring is a major initiative to promote the sustainable development strategy
- •(2) Protecting and improving people's livelihood are the main purposes of promoting the sustainable development
- (3) Speeding up poverty eradication is an urgent task in promoting sustainable development
- (4) Building resource-saving and environment-friendly society is an important focal point for advancing sustainable development
- (5) Enhancing the capacity for sustainable development is a basic guarantee for promoting the sustainable development.

# Thank you

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