Doing Business In Small Island Developing States 2008

Svetlana Bagaudinova



The World Bank

Finance Corporation World Bank Group Sr. Private Sector Development Specialist

International Finance Corporation

March 2008

Doing Business Indicators



2007

- Starting a business
- Dealing with licenses
- Employing workers
- Registering property
- Getting credit
- Protecting investors
- Paying taxes
- Trading across borders
- Enforcing contracts
- Closing a business

2008

- Update of 2007
- 180 countries
- Launch of Opportunities for women
- Doing Business Reform Unit

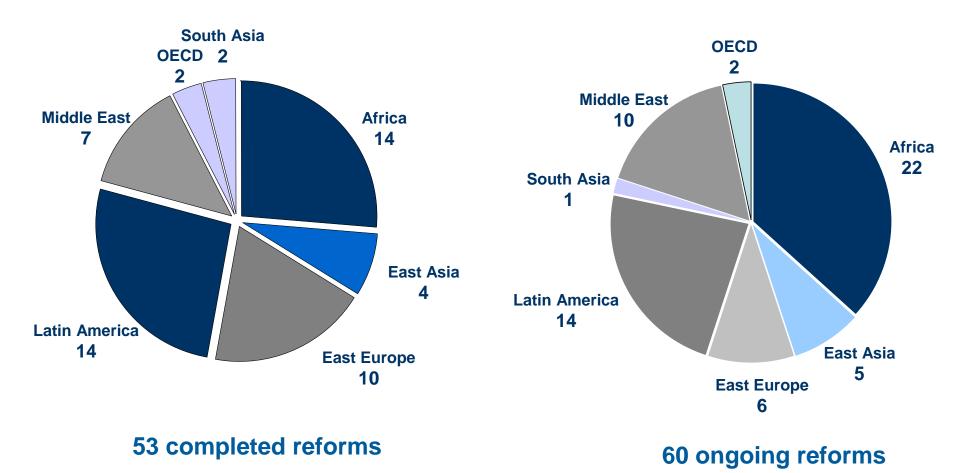
- Transparency
- Infrastructure
- Research program on opportunities for women

Reforms by Doing Business



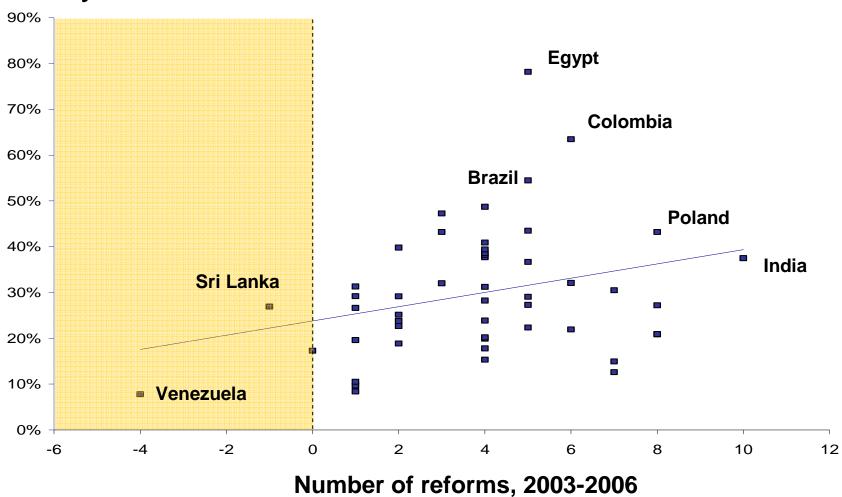
Inspired and Informed

Ongoing Reforms



More Reforms - Higher Equity Returns

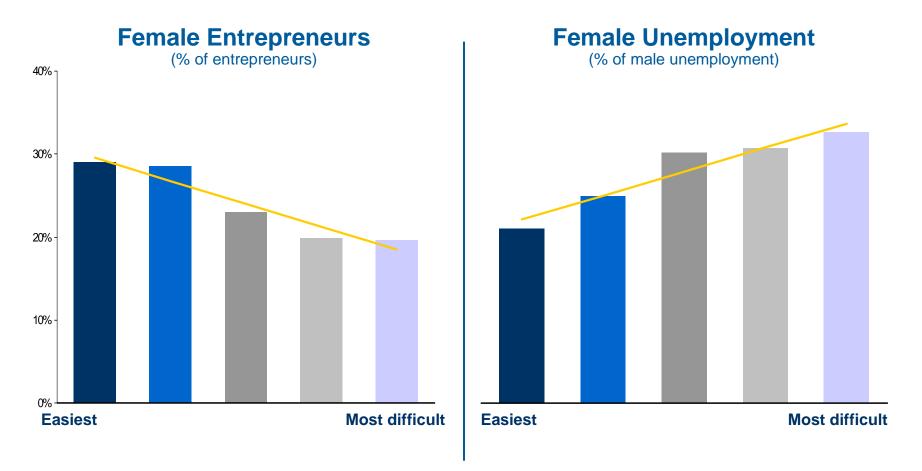




3-year shareholder returns

...and Higher Shares of Female Entrepreneurs and Women in the Labor Force





Countries ranked by ease of doing business, quintiles

Enterprise Survey Data: % of Firms With Female Participation in Ownership

Top 10 Countries: Firms with Female Participation in Ownership

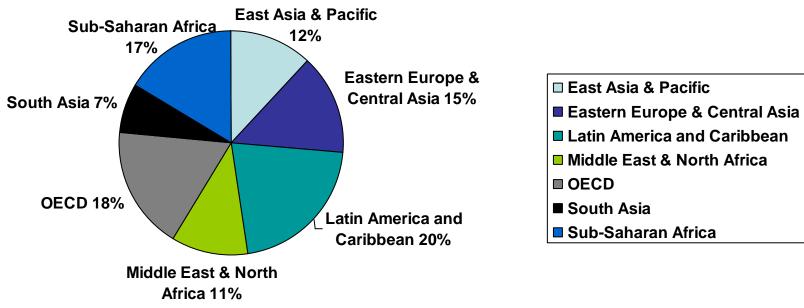
- 1. Costa Rica (65.26%)
- 2. Portugal (50.76%)
- 3. Paraguay (44.76%)
- 4. Ghana (44.01%)
- 5. Colombia (43.04%)

6. Cape Verde (42.71%)

Doing

Business

- 7. Latvia (42.28%)
- 8. Ireland (41.59%)
- 9. Uruguay (41.56%)
- 10. Nicaragua (41.41%)



Ease of Doing Business in SIDS

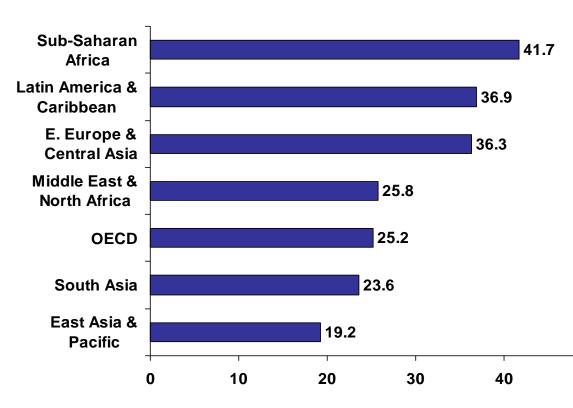


1. Singapore	17. Dominica		
2. Mauritius	18. Solomon Islands		
3. St.Lucia	19. Palau		
4. Fiji	20. Papua New Guinea		
5. Antigua and Barbuda	21. Marshall Islands		
6. Tonga	22. Seychelles		
7. St.Vincent and the Grenadines	23. Dominican Republic		
8. Belize	24. Guyana		
9. Maldives	25. Micronesia		
10. Samoa	26. Cape Verde		
11. Vanuatu	27. Suriname		
12. Jamaica	28. Comoros		
13. St.Kitts and Nevis	29. Haiti		
14. Trinidad and Tobago	30. São Tomé and Principe		
15. Grenada	31. Timor-Leste		
16.Kiribati	32. Guinea-Bissau		

SIDS: flexible labor regulations



Ease of Hiring Workers (0 = most flexible)



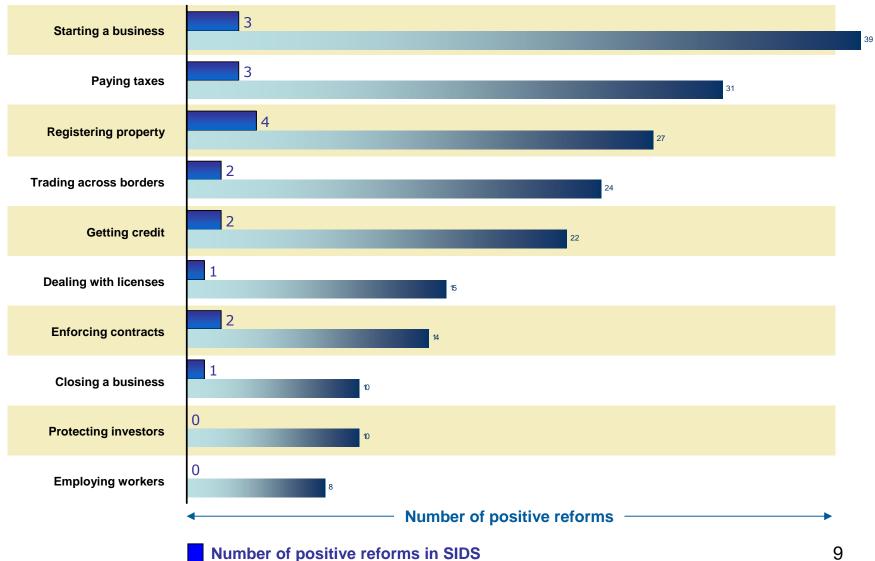
Employing Workers Top 10

- 1. United States
- 1. Singapore
- 1. Marshall Islands
- 4. Georgia
- 5. Brunei
- 6. Tonga
- 7. Maldives
- 8. Australia
 - Palau

9.

5010. Denmark

Easier Entry Regulations, Lower Taxes, Faster Property Transfers among the Most Popular Reforms in the World 2006-07 – Few reforms in SIDS



9

Doing

Busiñess



Examples of short-term reforms: these require <u>mainly</u> administrative changes.

Starting a Business*
Registering Property*
Dealing with Licenses
Trading across Borders

Examples of some medium to long term reforms: these require substantive restructuring, particularly legislative reform and institutional changes. Employing Workers •Getting Credit •Enforcing Contracts •Closing a Business Protecting Investors •Paying Taxes

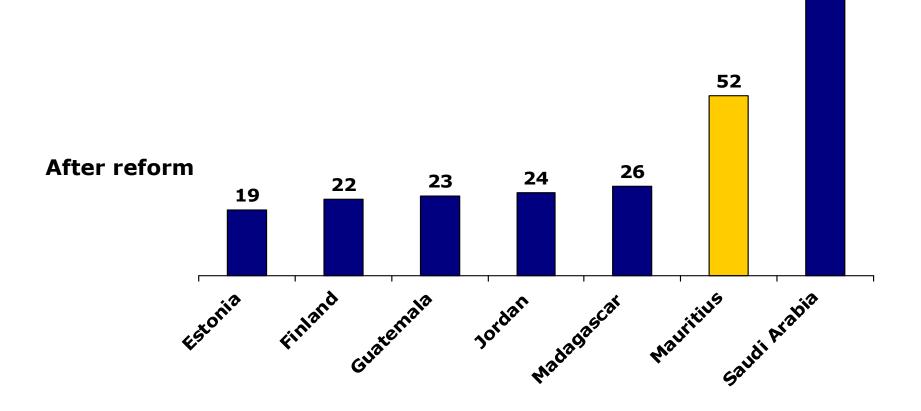
*an MCC requirement

Gain momentum - some results show quickly



81

Increase in new business registration after reform (%)





Tonga - top reformer in Contract enforcement

- Introduced case management:
 - 90% of all cases —criminal, commercial and land— transferred from paper to computer.
 - 472 cases that had been dormant for years were uncovered and dropped.
 - All cases are monitored daily.
 - Time to enforce contracts dropped from 510 to 350 days.
- Introduced simplified rules for small claims
- Introduced mediation



The hypothetical country "SIDS Union" is #2 globally

- Entry in **Mauritius** (#8)
- Licensing (construction) in St. Vincent and the Grenadines (#1)
- Employing workers in Marshall Islands (#1)
- Registering property in **Palau** (#14)
- Getting credit in Singapore (#7)
- Protecting investors in **Trinidad and Tobago** (#15)
- Paying taxes in Maldives (#1)
- Trade in **Singapore** (#1)
- Enforcing contracts in **Singapore** (#4)
- Closing a business in Jamaica (#22)

Doing Business website has many resources www.doingbusiness.org

Doing Business provides obje		The Doing Business project provides objective measures of business regulations and their enforcement across 178 countries. The team works closely with thousands of professionals around the world.	View by:	select a topic 💉 select an economy 💉 Get Full Data > > >
Top Reformer in 2007 – Arab Republic of Egypt	Almister Mahmoud Mol	Doing Business is a guide for evaluating regulations that directly impact economic growth, downloading underlying laws, making cross- country comparisons, and identifying good practice reforms.	In the news "[Doing Business 2008] serves as a remin that one of the most compelling roles for t World Bank is to generate this sort of data which is an expensive yet invaluable publi good." <u>Financial Times</u> , Sept. 26, 20	
Home Meet the Team	Economy Rankings	Reformers Law Library Methodology & Research Get Reports Local Partners	: Media	search site

Current Features

Bringss Britis **Highlights from Doing Business 2008**: As countries reform their business regulation, more businesses are starting up. Eastern Europe has witnessed a boom in new business entry that rivals the rapid growth in East Asia in the past. Large emerging markets such as India, China, Egypt, Turkey, and Indonesia, are reforming fast and investors are taking notice. This year Egypt is the top reforming country worldwide, while Singapore is #1 on the ease of doing business for the second consecutive year. Download the overview (PDF, 2.1MB).



Top Reformers in 2006/07: This year Egypt tops the list of reformers that are making it easier to do business. Egypt's reforms went deep with reforms in 5 of the 10 areas studied by Doing Business, and it greatly improved its position in the global rankings as a result. Besides Egypt, the other top 10 reformers are, in order, Croatia, Ghana, FYR Macedonia, Georgia, Colombia, Saudi Arabia, Kenya, China, and Bulgaria.

Featured video

