WHAT IS G-STIC?



Workshop on STI for the SDGs Bangkok, Feb 27 - Mar 1

Session 6 – STI roadmaps incorporating SDGs and their implication for policy and capacity building

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SOME MAJOR ISSUES



Key question:

- What are the (new) technologies & solutions needed to achieve the SDGs and deliver on the Paris Agreement?
- Lack of awareness of what technologies already exist
- Major gap between the best available technology and implementation
- No real understanding of how to accelerate the upscaling



WHAT IS G-STIC?



Connecting technological innovation to decision making for sustainability

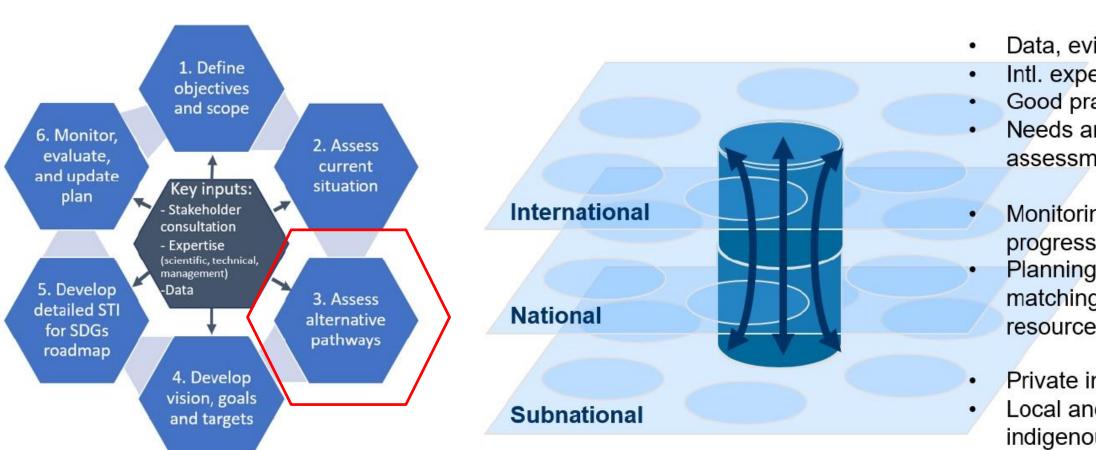
- Identify and promote context-specific, market-ready integrated technological solutions
- Raise awareness of these solutions within government, civil society, research, private sector, non-profit and multilateral organizations
- Key elements of the enabling environment for upscaling





STI ROADMAPS





- Data, evidence
- Intl. expertise
- Good practices
- Needs and gap assessments
- Monitoring progress
- Planning & matching resources
- Private initiatives
- Local and indigenous knowledge



G-STIC FRAMEWORK G-STIC INPUT



Societal challenge

Innovative market-ready technological solution(s)

Barriers to deployment

Levers and policy changes for upscaling

Verifiable targets and actions by the industry

Critical economic dimension of deployment

Critical social dimension of deployment





ENERGY POSITIVE COMMUNITIES

| Societal challenge | Innovative market-ready tech solutions | Pertainin g to SDG | Contribution to achievement of SDG | Barriers to deployment | Levers/policy changes required for upscaling | Verifiable targets & actions by industry | Critical economic dimension of deployment | Critical social dimension of deployment |
|---|---|-----------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Providing access to sustainable energy services for all | Micro- and mini-grids based on local optimal mix of renewable energy supply | 3 4 5 7 9 11 | +++ | Interaction with the central grid Stable investment climate Tailor-made design Smart metering devices High initial investment | Integration of local energy planning in national energy scenario's Promote "open" decision/design platform for tailormade local grids consisting of a combination of TSF combinations: technology, (multi) service and financing | Modular, interoperable and quality micro/mini- grid components | Need for new financing schemes: pay-as- you-go, micro- financing, third party | Create community services with the micro-mini-grids, in some cases co-operative initiatives are possible |

(WASTE)WATER AS A RESOURCE

| Societal challenge | Innovative market-ready tech solutions | Pertaining to SDG | Contribution to achievement of SDG | Barriers to deployment | Levers/policy changes required for upscaling | Verifiable targets & actions by industry | Critical economic dimension of deployment | Critical social dimension of deployment |
|---|--|-------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| Improve water quality by reducing pollution and halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally | Wastewater treatment with bio-energy recovery | SDG 6.3 SDG 7.2 SDG 7.3 | +++ | Wastewater quality insufficient for energy production (too diluted) Lack of awareness about investment opportunities | Policy and regulation to allow biogas and CHP to produce energy; Attractive feed-in tariffs; allow organic solid waste to be mixed with wastewater | Amount of biogas and energy produced from wastewater treatment facilities | Renewable energy market development, energy prize | Demand for renewable energy and willingness to pay |
| | Wastewater treatment and water re-use | SDG 6.3 SDG 6.4 | +++ | Perception, cultural barrier (clean water can't be derived from wastewater) | Improved waste management regulation, national policy and strategies for water and sanitation sector | Amount / percentage wastewater collected and safely treated to grey water (and possible drinking water) | Sales of energy, bulk water, nutrients, produced from wastewater | Social acceptance of new products from wastewater (e.g. protein) Demand for clean water, safe and clean environment Demand for more water under water scarcity and population growth |



G-STIC INPUT - FACTSHEETS



- Problem statement
 - What social/economic problem do we address? Which SDG?
- How to make the change? Highlight the key changes needed in the following clusters of action:
 - Awareness rising of the potential of integrated technological solution
 - New legislation and regulation
 - New business models and financial instruments
 - Concrete actions to enable the required societal changes (perception, consumption patterns, behaviour, ...)?
 - How to govern the different transition processes?
- How and where to incorporate in STI roadmaps for the SDGs
- Additional specific thematic remarks or concrete actions



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CONNECTING TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATION TO DECISION MAKING FOR SUSTAINABILITY









