Traditional weather forecasting and climate change knowledge among Afar pastoralists in north Eastern Ethiopia: Role in Climate change adaptation





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## Afar pastoralists

- Pastoralist in the horn of Africa
  - Ethiopia
  - Djibouti
  - Eritrea
- Camel herders
- Drought and variability real challenges
- Developed elaborate Indigenous weather forecasting knowledge
  - Reliability
  - Relevance
  - Affordability

Qafara *Afar* عفر

### Total population

c. 4,173,000

#### Regions with significant populations

Ethiopia 2,996,000<sup>[1]</sup>

Djibouti 306,000<sup>[2]</sup>

Eritrea 780,000<sup>[3]</sup>

#### Languages

Afar

#### Religion



#### Related ethnic groups

Agaw · Amhara · Beja · Oromo · Saho · Somali · Tigray · Tigre and other Cushitic peoples.

## Indigenous weather and climate data

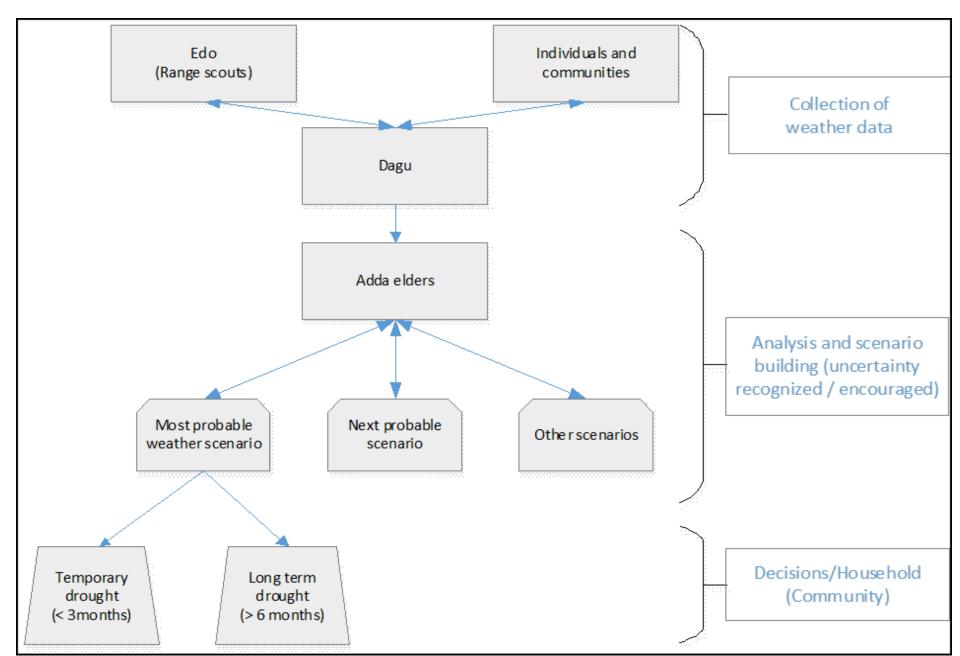


# Data is communicated through efficient communication and analysis institutions to guide community livelihoods decisions

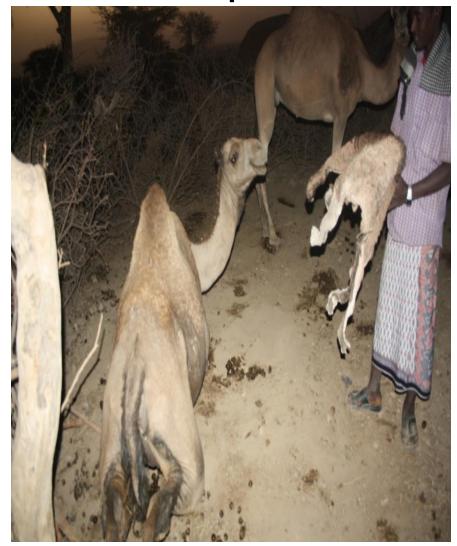


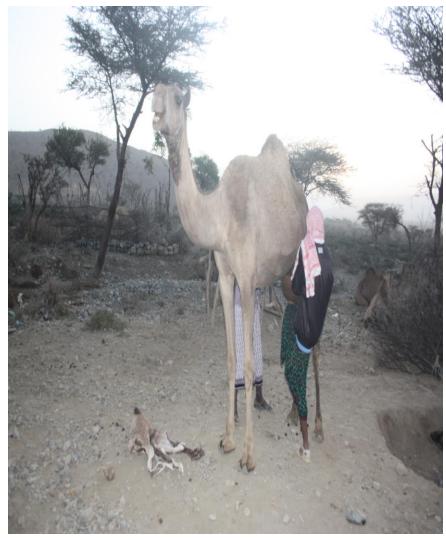


## Indigenous weather forecasting



## Indigenous weather prediction guide important livelihood actions





## Summary

- Traditional and Indigenous knowledge most accessible and affordable and relevant source of weather and climate information for pastoralists
  - Presents information at scales relevant to daily livelihood decisions
  - It is based on diverse sources of information (Biophysical and even scientific sources)
  - Continuously refined and updated
- Helps pastoralists make important livelihood decisions
- Co-production with science may provide synergies and even new sources of knowledge and understanding

