Seminar on Mainstrreaming Energy SDGs, Targets and Indicators into national statistical programmes of select African countries Addis Ababa, Ethiopia 27 – 29 June 2016

Energy Indicators for Sustainable Development

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A Multi-agency Publication

Energy Indicators for Sustainable Development

30 Energy Indicators

Dimensions

Themes

Sub-themes

Methodologies

References

Guidelines



Energy Indicators for Sustainable Development Interagency effort • United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs International Atomic Energy Agency Eurostat International Energy Agency • European Environmental Agency

- Focus on presenting an integrated look at energy within the framework of sustainable development.
- Applying the entire set of indicators, can provide an overall picture of the state of energy and sustainable development in a given country
- Indicators can be used to measure progress in achieving sustainable development over time.

30 indicators

> 3 major dimensions of sustainable development -- social, economic and environmental

– 7 themes and 19 sub-themes

- 4 indicators in the social dimension
- 16 in the economic dimension and
- 10 in the environmental dimension

Dimensions of Sustainable Development

Social
Economic
Environmental

Energy Themes or Major Issues Dimensions of Sustainable Development

Social dimension:

Equity

Energy accessibility
Energy affordability
Energy disparities
Health

Safety

SOCIAL

<u>Accessibility</u>

SOC1. Share of households (population) without electricity or commercial energy

<u>Affordability</u>

SOC2. Share of household income spent on fuel and electricity

Disparity

SOC3. Household energy use for each income group and corresponding fuel mix

<u>Health</u>

SOC4. Accident fatalities per energy produced by fuel chain

Energy Themes & Sub-themes in the Economic Dimension

Use and Production Patterns

- Overall Use
- Overall Productivity
- Supply Efficiency
- Production
- End Use
- Diversification (Fuel Mix)
- Prices

Security

- Imports
- Strategic Fuel Stocks

ECONOMIC

Intensities

ECO6-10. Energy intensities by sector (agriculture, industrial, service, transportation and household)

Diversity

ECO11. Fuel shares in energy and electricity

ECO12. Non-carbon energy share in energy and electricity

ECO13. Renewable energy share in energy and electricity

Prices

ECO14. End use energy prices

Security

ECO15. Net energy import dependence

ECO16. Stocks of critical fuels per corresponding fuel consumption

Environmental Dimensions of Sustainable Development

Environmental dimension:

- Global climate change
- Air pollution
- Water pollution
- Wastes
- Energy resource depletion
- Land use
- Accident risks
- Deforestation

ENVIRONMENTAL

Climate Change

ENV1. Greenhouse gases per unit of energy produced per capita, per GDP and by fuel

Air

ENV2. Ambient concentrations of pollutants in urban areas

ENV3. Air pollutant emissions from energy systems total & urban areas

<u>Water</u>

ENV4. Contaminant discharges in liquid effluents from energy systems

ENVIRONMENTAL

Land

ENV5. Soil area where acidification exceeds critical load
ENV6. Rate of deforestation attributed to energy use *Waste Generation and Management*ENV7. Ratio of solid waste to units of energy produced

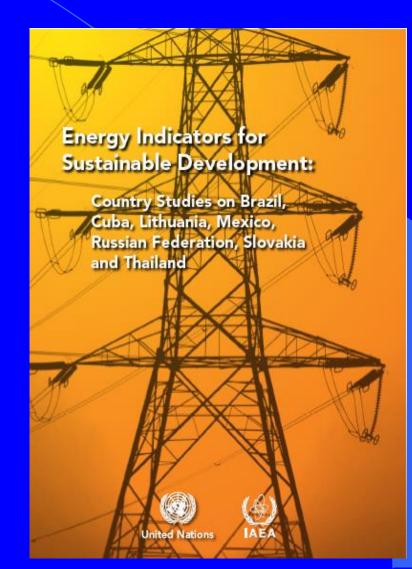
ENV8. Ratio of solid waste properly disposed of to total generated solid waste

ENV9. Ratio of solid radioactive waste to units of energy produced

ENV10. Ratio of solid radioactive waste awaiting disposal to total generated solid radioactive waste

Applied and tested in 7 countries:

- Brazil
- Cuba
- Lithuania
- Mexico
- Russian Federation
- Slovakia
- Thailand



- EISD represent an integrated approach to energy and policy analysis at the national level.
- The indicators can assist efforts to assess progress made achieving sustainable development goals in the area of energy
- Application at national level help in identifying specific areas for targeted measures and policies
- The indicators designed to be utilized with least-cost data available, but more concerted efforts at data collection and coordination are needed at the national level

Country Profiles on Energy for Sustainable Development

In three countries:

Brazil

➤ Cuba

South Africa

Utilized energy indicators in a holistic assessment and analysis of energy within the context of national sustainable development goals, policies and strategies Seminar on Mainstrreaming Energy SDGs, Targets and Indicators into national statistical programmes of select African countries Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

THANK YOU

Ivan Vera DIVISION FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT DESA