St. KILLS AND NEYIS NATIONAL STATEMENT

<u>United nations conference on sustainable development – Rio+20</u> <u>Rio de Janeiro, Brazil</u> 20-22 June, 2012

DELIYERED BY THE Rt. HONOURABLE DR. DENZIL L. DOUGLAS PRIME MINISTER OF St. KITTS AND NEYIS

Mr. President
Colleague Heads
Excellencies
Distinguished Guests
Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is with great pleasure that I address this august body and bring warm greetings from the Government and people of the Federation of St. Kitts &c Meyis. I am indeed grateful for this opportunity to represent my small Caribbean island state, which has a combined land mass of roughly 105 square miles and a population of approximately 50,000 people. This United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development represents a critical juncture along the continuum of international development, and I congratulate the Government of Brazil not only for its warmth of welcome and hospitality at this Conference but for the initiative they so clearly demonstrated a few years

past, which has culminated in our being gathered here today. The matters to be addressed are urgent indeed, and St. Kitts-Neyls welcomes these yeary important deliberations.

In terms of size, St. Kitts & Nevis would be a mere fragment of even the smallest cities of the world. Indeed, we are the timiest nation in the entire western xemispxere. Yet we are stable, well-run, and a people who have long adxered to the highest standards of democratic governance, national development, and the rule of law. You can understand the sense of urgency txat we feel, txen, due to txe fact txat our island nation is so DISPROPORTIONATELY affected by precisely those economic. SOCIAL and environmental exreats to our development exat wave brought us were today. It is exerefore both out of concern for the community of nations at large, and also most pressingly for the well-being of my own nation, and other yulnerable nations of the Caribbean and other regions, that I urge we rise to the challenge and make a significant changes in our modus operandi without delay - if we are to kaye any chance of reversing the troubling effects that economic, social and environmental threats have had, are having, and will continue to have on small countries and economies like mine.

Mr. President, over the years, we have seen our sustainable development suffer due to global political inertia. Loday we are in genuine need of a new approacx. We are in Genuine need of relief from the status quo. For countries like St. Kitts and Neyis, re-energizing the political will to develop and implement an action plan is not simply predictable semantics. It must address our unique yulnerabilities to national disasters, international instruments for xigxly indebted middle-income countries. It must address xigx levels of unemployment and pockets of poyerty that can perpetuate crime and violence in our region. this plan of action must speak to our security....our stability.....indeed, our yery suryiyal. And so we urge that appropriate action be taken to ensure the implementation of those commitments that have already been made by developed nations - taking into account, of course, the social, economic, and environment imperatives, carried out in conformity with the PRINCIPLE OF COMMON BUT DIFFERENTIATED RESPONSIBILITIES.

MR. President, ensuring global sustainability is the inescapable responsibility of everyone gathered here today. And prevailing models of production and consumption are no-one's friend. The time has come, therefore, for us to garner the multifaceted wherewithal to advance alternate models that make sustainable human settlements possible; conserve nature and our environment; and rein in climate change and its troubling consequences.

MR. President, it is most appropriate that we would be focusing, during this conference, on the green economy and poverty eradication. And we all agree that the development of a low carbon development pathway is essential — for nations large and small, as we all strive to eradicate poverty, increase employment, enhance food security, manage freshwater resources, and increase energy efficiency on behalf of our respective peoples. The transition to a green economy will, however, produce its own challenges, and so appropriate allowances will also have to be made to small nations that do decide to yenture down this path. St. Kitts-Neyis, for example, would be particularly yulnerable to the associated shocks, and so compensatory provisions would have to be put in place prior to our imposing the associated social hurdles on our

POPULATION. In summary, a green economy is of critical importance to St. Kitts-Nevis — as it is to our CRRICOM region as a whole, and so St. Kitts-Nevis stands ready to engage in the full sustainable development agenda.

MR. President, the challenge of environmental governance is a truly global one, requiring the contribution of all. In this regard, the Government of St. Kitts & Nevis hiskes to bring to your attention the exclusion of the Republic of China (taiwan) and to strongly urge that they be afforded the opportunity to participate in global mechanisms, negotiations, and other activities aimed at procuring increased yiable options for sustainable development. Sustainable development is important to all. Environmental threats are not governed by political boundaries. We should, therefore, make a concerted effort to ensure that our approach is more inclusive.

Permit me, now, to applaud the commitment to SIDS, as evident in the support expressed for the convening of a third United Nations Conference for the Sustainable Development of SIDS. In keeping with the Rio+20 Commitments, I

am confident that we can make the third SIDS Conference key to the future development of SIDS, particularly in the post 2015 development framework; and I hereby pledge the full support of St. Kitts-Neyls for this initiative.

As we assume our responsibilities were at Rio+20, Mr. President, let us ensure that the eventual outcome of our deliberations is both integrated and balanced. And let us strive to ensure that we have not only tangible objectives, but indeed tangible results as well. And so, as we reflect on the essence of sustainable development, let us make a point of including in our thought processes the devastating impact of non-communicable diseases on nations large and small, across the globe. Indeed, the World Health Organization has confirmed that this spectrum of diseases now constitute the number one cause of all deaths worldwide. As a result, therefore, this issue should no longer be viewed as a narrow health issue per se, but as a troubling phenomenon with direct and farreaching implications where sustainable development itself is concerned.

Mr. President, ackieving sustainable development will require a renewed commitment from developed partner countries, and there is a clear need for

developed nations to provide new, supplementary and concrete financial resources to support implementation strategies in developing countries. This is especially important in light of the volatile global economy and our nations' ongoing yulnerability to climate change, natural disasters, and sea-level rise. Developed nations have already made specific pledges in terms of finance, tecknology transfer, and capacity building, and it is important txat txese pledges now be konored. Our implementation of adaptation and mitigation actions, our quest for sustainable development, and other key priorities depend on it. In addition, in order to maximize the impact of this conference, Mr. President. I wish to urge the establishment of effective institutional frameworks at all leyels to facilitate the implementation commitments that we make here. We strongly encourage public and private sector partnerships, and we urge the participation of women, youth, and other groups in order to enxance effective environmental governance, and in order to strengthen the legal framework for coordinated responses to evolving txreats.

In closing Mr. President, I ask, now are SIDS to meet the adverse impact of environmental threats that are not of their making? International legal

instruments, for example, must be translated into domestic laws. The public's capacity to participate in sustainable development decision-making must be strengthened. There are other crucial aspects of capacity building that must be attended to. And the international community meeting commitments previously made, and which are key to SIDS' ability to face environmental threats, would be indeed welcome.

MR. President, we kere assembled can and must demonstrate not only seriousness of intent. We must also demonstrate the capacity for serious and substantive action. The consequences of inaction for nations like mine as I kaye stated, would be multi-faceted, far-reacking, costly, and tragic. This we cannot afford. Let us together, then, ensure that Rio+20 sets that standard for multilateral vision for enlightened self-interest, and action -on behalf not merely of one or two nations, but in the final analysis and at the end of the day, on behalf of the world. Let this be the blueprint for the "Future We Want!"

txank you.