

Asset Management Framework & the Enabling Environment

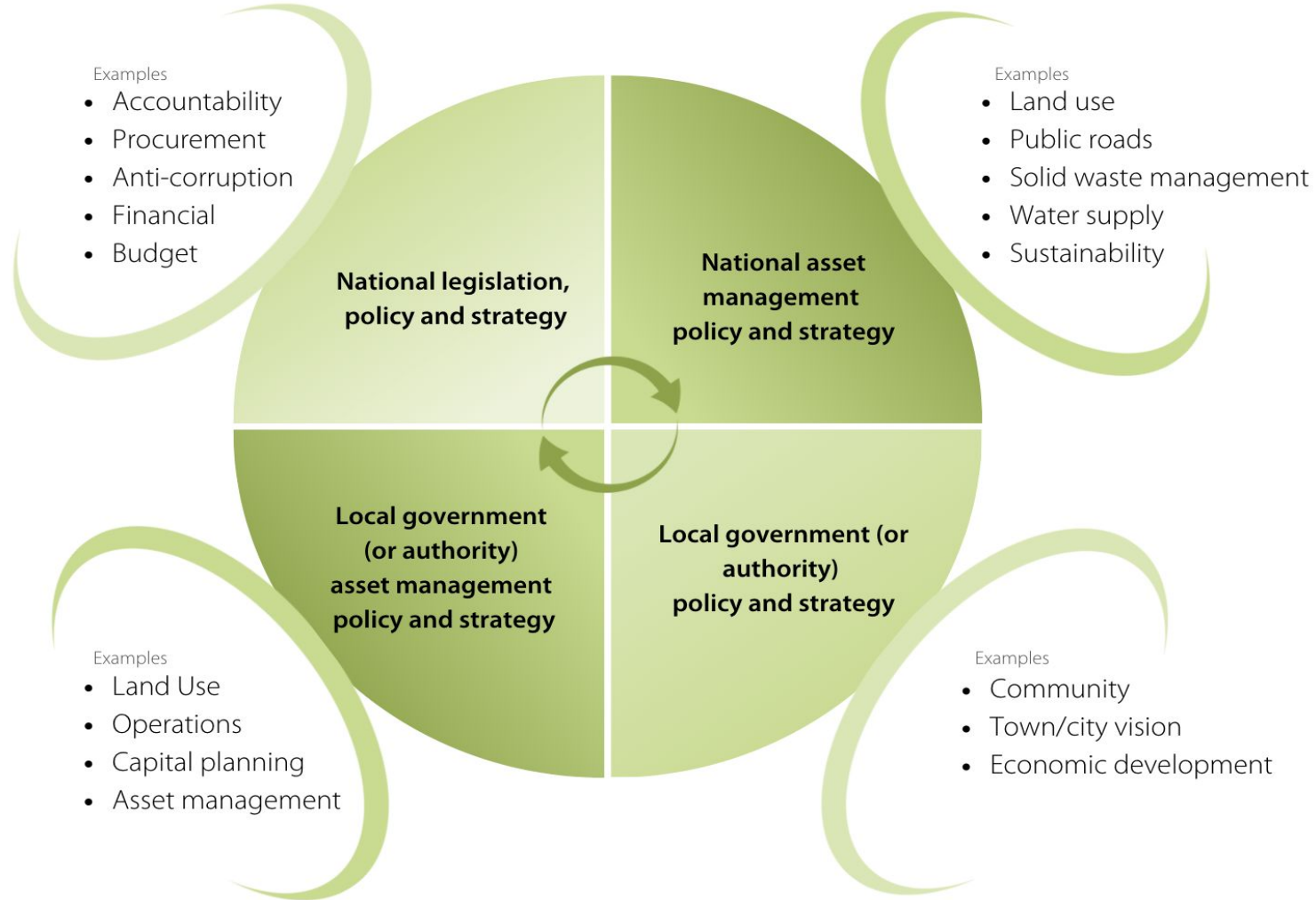
Linda Newton, Ph.D.

Outline

- The Big Picture
- Asset management framework
- Asset management enablers



The Big Picture



Legislation

Examples

- Accountability
- Procurement
- Anti-corruption
- Financial
- Budget

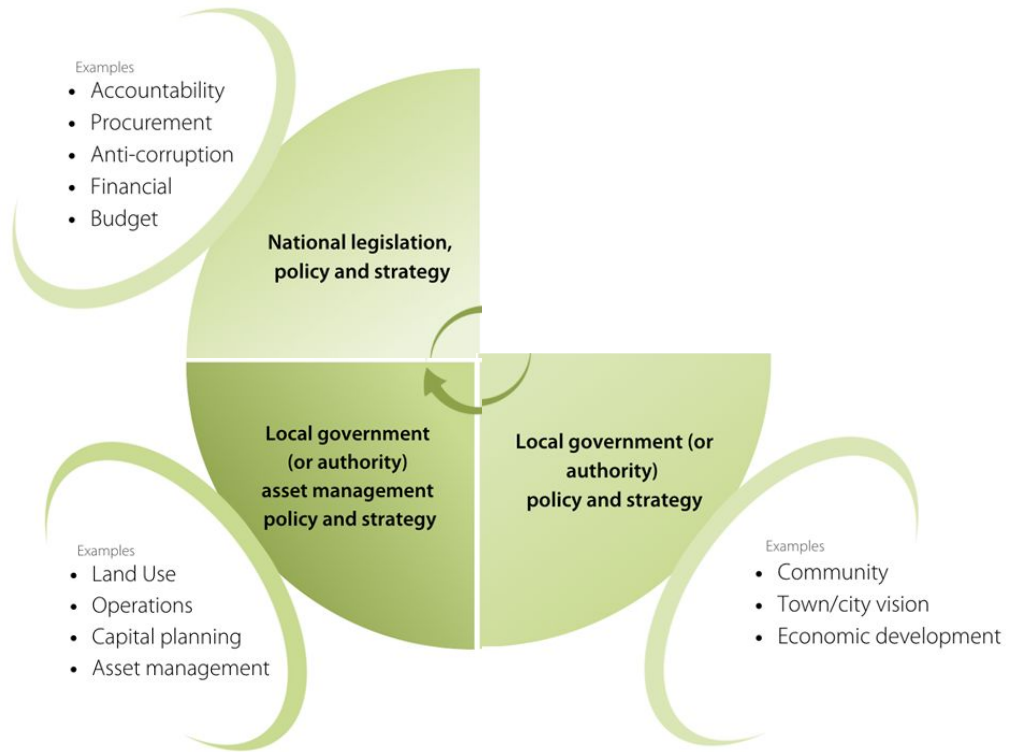
**National legislation,
policy and strategy**

National Legislation /Policy

- Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP)
 - Asset Classification Decision Tree
- Public Procurement Act 28 of 2024
- Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act 56 of 2003
- Municipal Structures Act
- Public Finance Management Amendment Act 29 of 1999
- Public Administration Management Act 11 of 2014



National AM



Asset Management Legislation /Policy

Direction

- National Building Regulations and Building Standards Amendment Act 49 of 1995
- South African National Water Resources Infrastructure Agency Soc Limited Act Act 34 of 2024
- Electricity Regulation Amendment Act 38 of 2024
- National Environmental Management Laws Amendment Act 2 of 2022
- Road Traffic Management Corporation Act 20 of 1999
- National Sanitation Policy 2016

Guidance

- Guidelines on Asset Management
- National Development Plan (NDP 2030)
- Medium Term Development Plan 2024-2029
- Integrated Development Plans (IDPs)
- National Waste Management Strategy
- Local Government Capital Asset Management Guide 2008
- Asset Transfer Guide



Local Government



Local Government AM



Operational policies and procedures examples

Policy

- Furniture and Equipment Policy
- Heritage Policy
- Tractor management policy
- Capital Assets Directive
- Water Utilities Policy
- Machine Policy
- Maintenance Policy and Schedules

Procedures/Guidelines

- Guideline for Tracking Assets
- Guidelines Capital Asset Verification
- Building Condition Report Guideline and Template
- Capturing Data in Inventory System Process

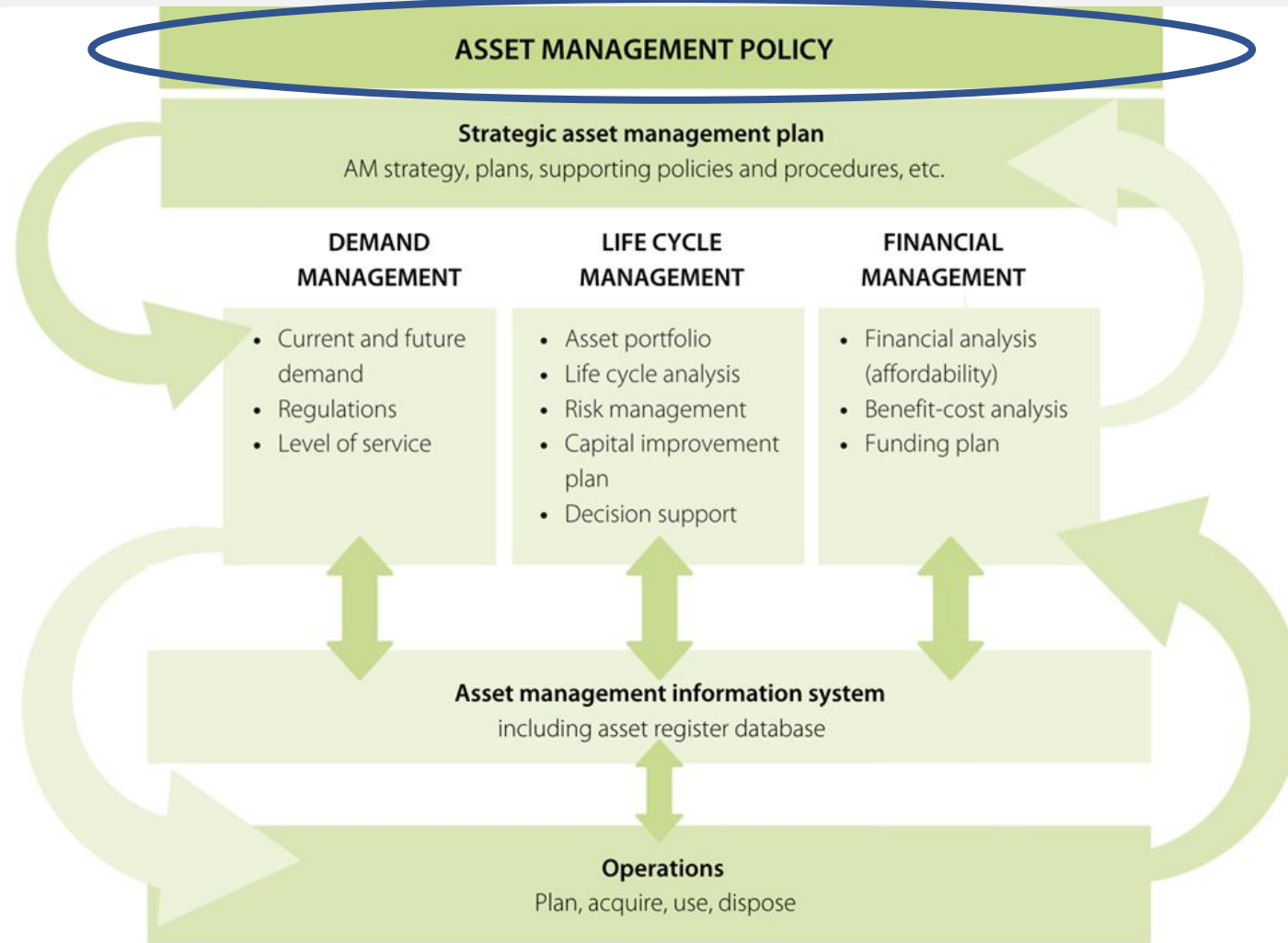
The Big Picture 'Clock'



Asset Management Framework

WHY?

WHAT?

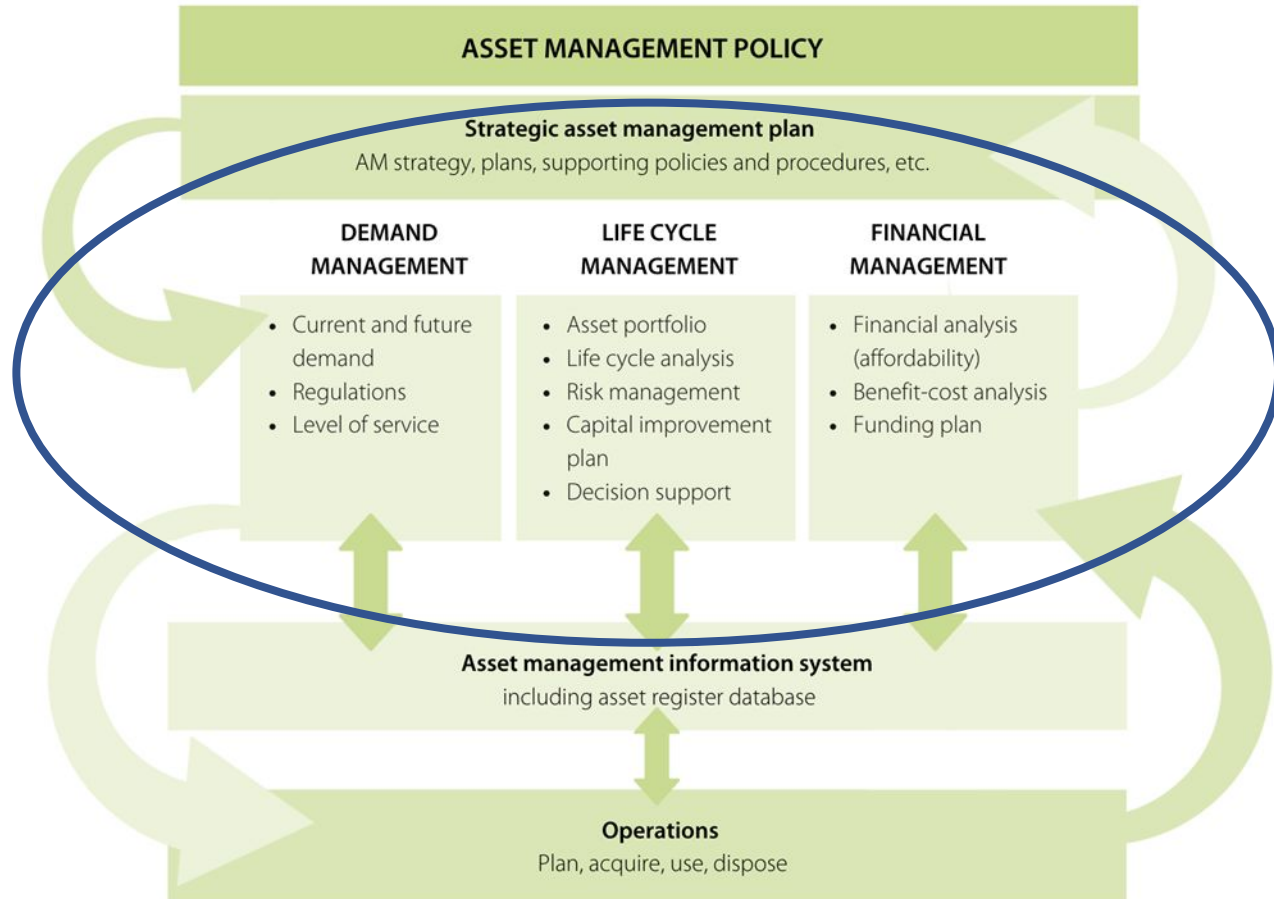


Asset Management Policy

- General principles and requirements for AM
- Linked to local government's strategic plan
- Content:
 - Organisational context/vision/goals
 - AM vision/goals
 - Principles
 - Supporting policies
 - AM roles and responsibilities

Asset Management Direction

HOW??



The AM Strategy

- AM vision
- Goals & objectives



The AM Plan

- Required Levels of Service (LOS) for assets
- AM resources, responsibilities
- Performance measures
- Complemented by other plans
 - Land Use Development Plan

The Strategic Asset Management Plan (SAMP)

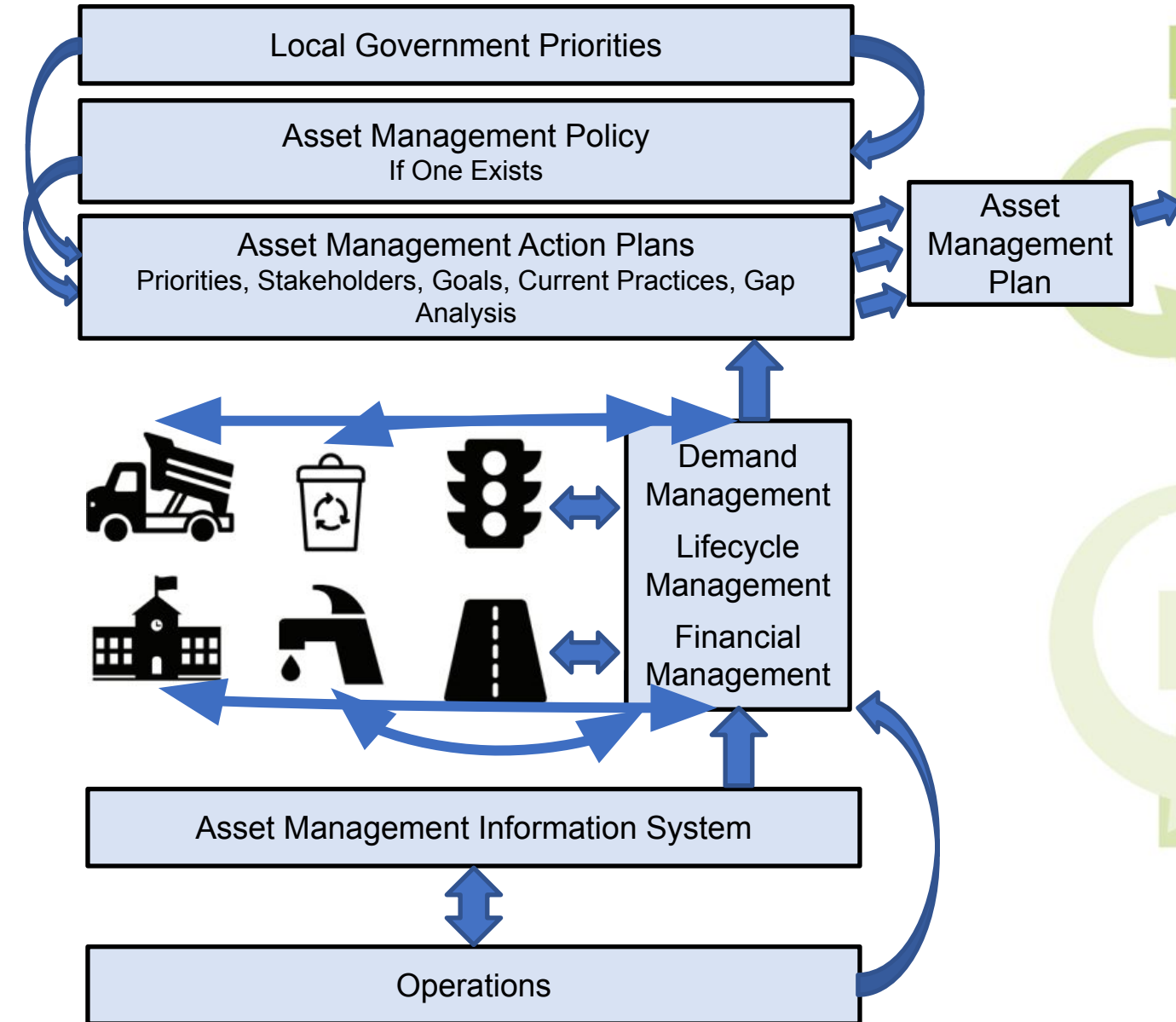
Strategic Asset Management Plan

☐	Executive summary	☐
☐	Introduction (including assumptions and constraints in delivery service)	☐
☐	State of the assets	☐
☐	Expected levels of service	☐
☐	Asset management strategy	☐
☐	Financing strategy	☐

Adapted from GIZ, p. 29.

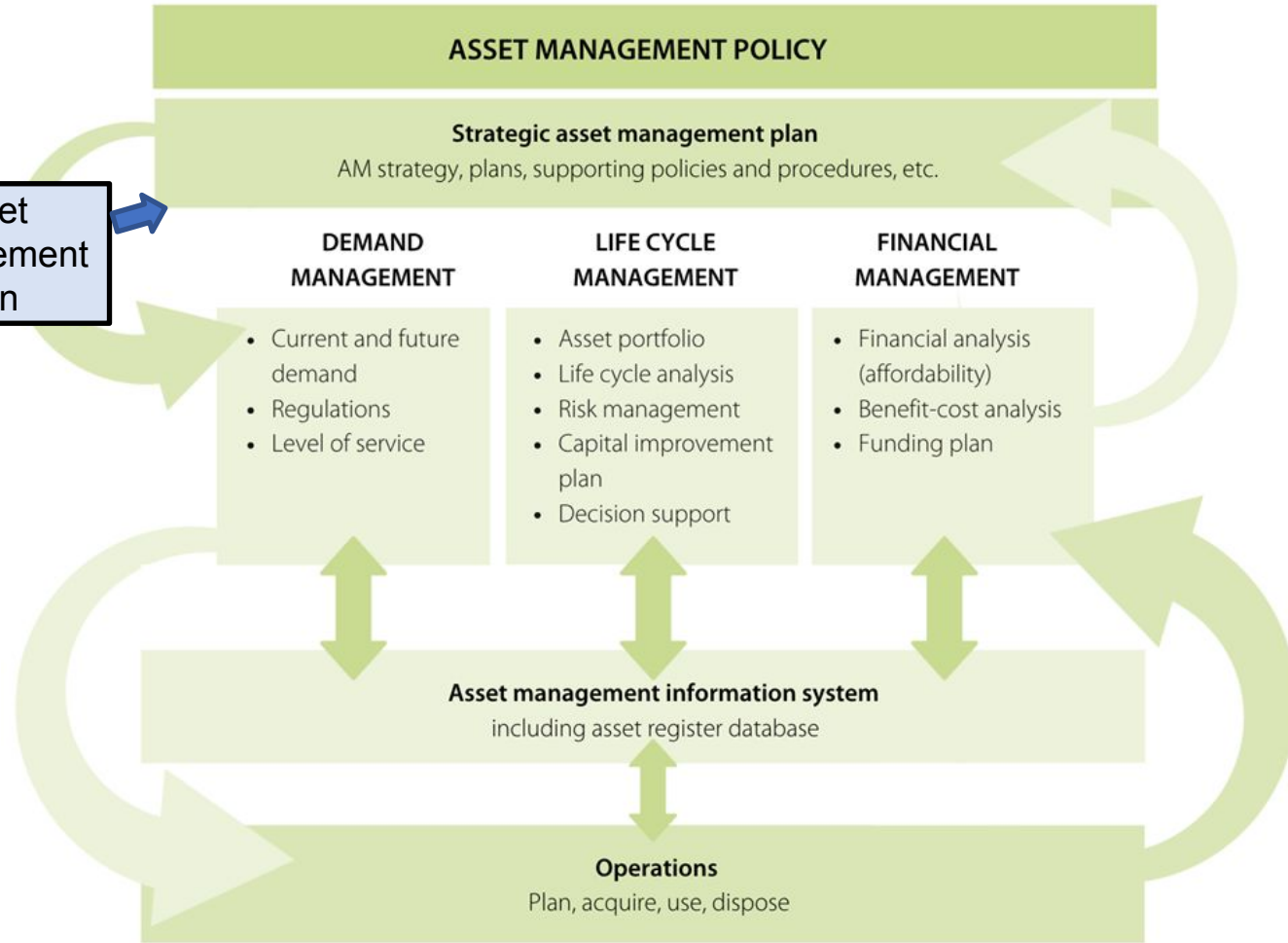
Where You Are Now

Asset Management Action Plan Process



Where You Are Headed

Asset Management Framework



Enabling Asset Management

Asset Management Enablers



People

Competent & qualified
Trained
Dedicated



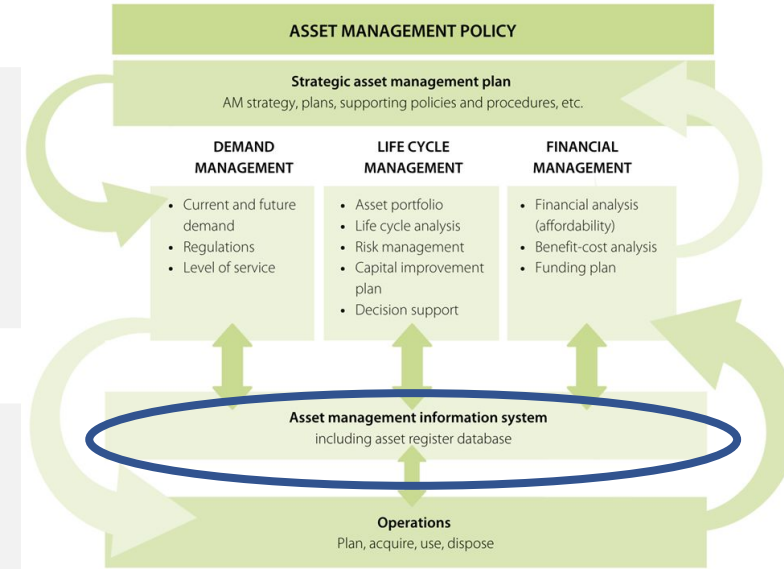
Technology that meets your needs

Assessment tools
Simple spreadsheets
Databases



Resources

Equipment
Material



Central Government Enablers

Forms of direct support



Data management

- Maintaining databases of asset inventory
- Producing maps of asset inventory



Advisory services

Evaluating asset condition and remaining value

Providing advice on maintenance programmes and capital investment plans

Forms of Indirect support



Capacity development

- Curating guides and best practices
- Funding development of tools
- Subsidizing AMAP development and use of expert consultants
- Subsidizing training from third parties



Legislative, regulatory and policy environment

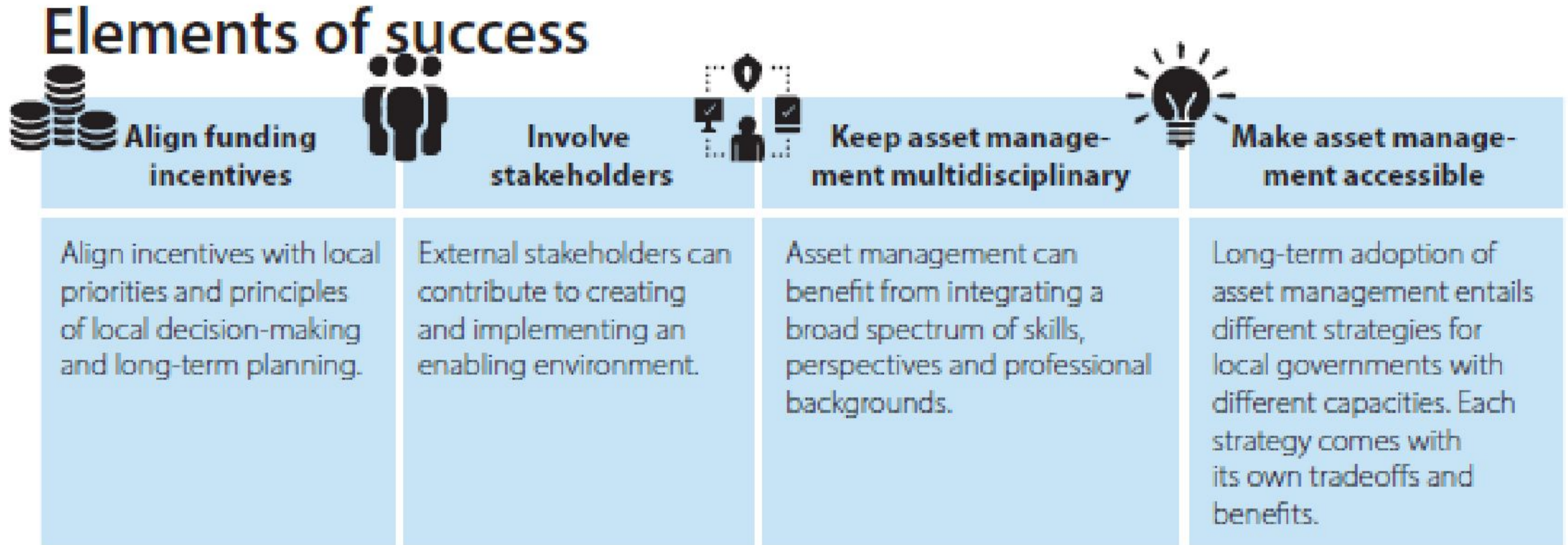
Reviewing and revising existing norms, rules and regulations to promote local asset management



Intergovernmental transfers

Grants and loans that finance and incentivize sustainable local asset management

Elements of Success



Let's Talk about Asset Information

Asset Data

- What data will be captured (following a clear, consistent classification of assets) and why
- How the data will be captured and when
- Who will have what roles and responsibilities for data validation and verification
- How it will be used



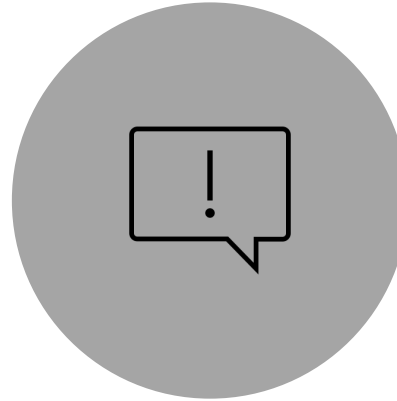
What can I learn from my motorcycle?

A photograph of a collection of vehicle registration documents and a MOT test certificate. The documents include a 'Vehicle Registration Document V5' for a vehicle with registration 'SKA 912', an 'EXTRACT FROM REGISTRATION PARTICULARS' for the same vehicle, and a 'MOT Test Certificate' for a vehicle with registration 'SKA 912'. The documents are laid out on a surface, showing various fields and stamps.

All assets are not equal



SOME ASSETS ARE MORE
IMPORTANT THAN OTHERS



WITHOUT GOOD DATA YOU WILL
NOT BE ABLE TO ANTICIPATE
WHAT NEEDS REPAIR AND WITH
WHAT LEVEL OF URGENCY

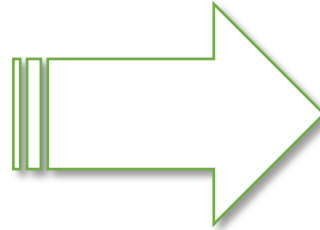


ONCE YOUR COMMUNITY IS HIT
WITH A PROBLEM, YOU MAY
NOT HAVE THE RESOURCES
READY TO DEAL WITH IT

The '6 Ws' drive what data needs to be collected

For each asset, we need to collect....

- Physical data
- Location
- Condition data
- Performance data
- Maintenance data
- Financial data



So that we know for each asset...

- Where is it located?
- What is it worth?
- What is its condition?
- What is its remaining service life?
- What is its deferred maintenance?
- What is its probability of failure?

The Asset Register

basic asset information

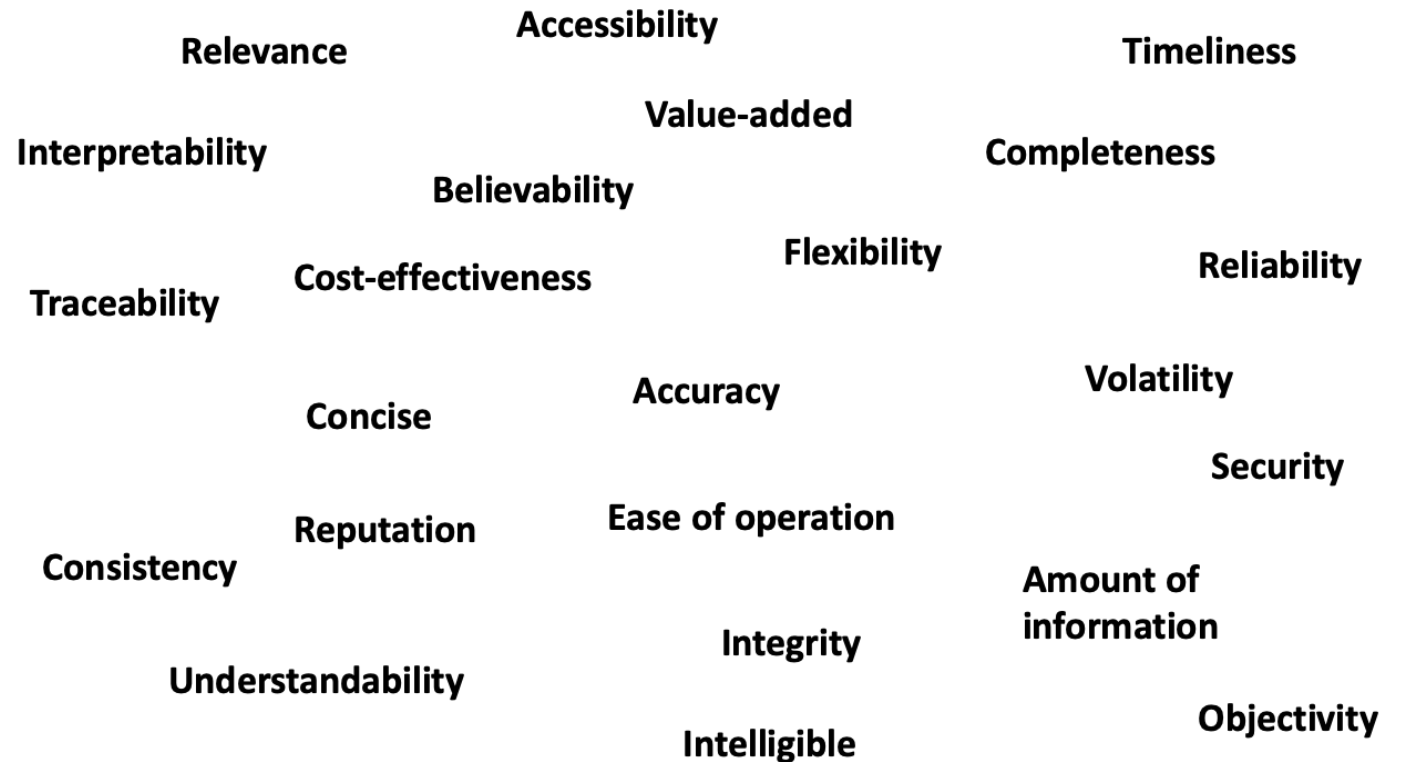
advanced asset information



What problems do you find with the data you have on your assets?



Data quality is more than accuracy



What is the impact of poor data quality?



Searching for data



Poor data quality leads to wrong decisions



No trust in data



Repeated data collection

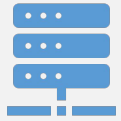


Diverting resources from other tasks

The screenshot shows a data entry form with the following fields: Source Fund, Department, Section, Mobility, Vendor Name, Date Asset Placed Into Service, Purchase Price/Cost, Salvage Value, and Belongs To LGA (with a checked checkbox). A dropdown menu is open for the 'Section' field, displaying a list of options: Sanitation and Enviroment, Secondary Education, SECONDARY EDUCATION, SECONDARY EDUCATION ADMINISTRATION, Water, WORK, and Works. A mouse cursor is pointing at the 'Water' option.

Poor data management
can be costly for your
organisation

Developing an asset information system is not easy



The development of a full-fledged asset management information system will be a resource-intensive process.



A lot can be done with limited financial and human resources, if parties involved show genuine long-term commitment.



Even small initial steps can yield enormous payoffs.

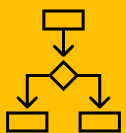
Get the basics right – don't overcomplicate



You must select and **adopt** information processes suitable to the requirements of your own local or central government.



At the beginning, your asset information management system may simply be based on a **register of assets** that helps you identify assets that are deteriorating.



At a more advanced level, it will be more comprehensive and include **decision support tools** that show you when to renew, replace or acquire new assets.

Key takeaways

- A systematic, methodical approach to data collection will result in reliable information necessary for sound decision-making and improved service performance.
- Having good quality asset data allows governments to anticipate the resources that need to be set aside their critical assets.
- Always need to keep in mind the cost-benefit ratio of asset data while developing your asset information system.

Summary

Understand the Big Picture ...

- National direction and guidance
- Local direction and guidance
- Create your asset management framework

