Speech by H.E. Ms. Yoko Kamikawa, Special Envoy of Prime Minister of Japan

UN 2023 Water Conference 2023 Plenary Session

of 37

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3:00 p.m. – X:00 p.m. on 23rd (P)

10:00 a.m. – 1:00 p.m. on 24th (P)

• Excellencies,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

it is a <u>great honor</u> for me to deliver this speech here today, on behalf of the Government of Japan.

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Do you like drinking tea? My hometown, Shizuoka at the foot of Mt. Fuji, is one of the leading producers of green tea in the world, as it is endowed with rich clean water.

Water, however,
 has occasionally <u>hit us</u> hard.

In fact,
 heavy rains, some 50 years ago,
 deprived the town
 of many lives, houses and plantations.

While the citizens
 were still in <u>deep confusion</u>
 and <u>despair</u>,
 they discussed
 <u>what to do</u>
 to **build back better**.

the catastrophe.

Reflecting on what had happened in this crisis of too-much-water, they thought-up paths and means that would have prevented

- And so,
 the people <u>decided</u>
 to create <u>small ponds</u>
 or water storage <u>reservoirs</u>
 in each of their <u>houses</u>,
 to store the rainfall.
- The ponds also helped recharge the groundwater for green tea.

In addition,
 the population became
 more <u>attentive</u> to <u>disaster warnings</u>
 and stood <u>prepared</u>
 to <u>take action</u>
 when there were alerts.

The government
 responded to the people
 by building reservoirs,
 a diversion channel,
 and pumping stations.

Last summer, Shizuoka was hit by another heavy rain episode, even greater than the one of 50 years prior.

 Thanks to its <u>preparedness</u>, the town suffered no casualties.

The town quickly <u>recovered</u>
 <u>to normalcy</u>,
 serenely surrounded by
 qreen tea leaves.

11

スピーチ
 ③ プレナリーセッション

This is a small story of "back casting" from a crisis to identify solutions.

Each individual

took stock
of his or her <u>own catastrophe</u>,
and devised
preventive measures.

13

 The paths or means developed, based on the balance of grey and green infrastructures and the pursuit of dual benefits for nature and people.

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• Ladies and gentlemen,

Human beings
 have now <u>already crossed</u>
 <u>planetary boundaries</u>
 in many areas.

15 of

We are stepping towards catastrophes by accelerating climate change, aggravating the quality of water, and drastically reducing biodiversity.

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The Earth
 looks like our town
 of 50 years ago.

 The <u>remedial</u> paths for the Earth are <u>logically</u> <u>no different</u> from that of a small town. **17**

Breaking points should be anticipated; means and paths to prevent or avoid them are to be combined, and the integrated measures implemented, step by step.

This is the <u>only</u>,
 and <u>shortest</u>, route.

The Earth
 and nations are,
 however,
 complicated systems.

 Numerous data-points on the atmosphere, hydro-geographics, and oceans need to be collected and analyzed to identify and build pathways based on solid scientific findings.

20

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Nature

and human needs

should be balanced

at different scales.

And dual-benefits

should be pursued relentlessly amid ever-changing

social and environmental conditions.

21

All stakeholders
 should <u>share information</u>,
 recognize <u>potential crises</u>,
 and avoid catastrophes.

I understand

that this is the meaning

of "Early warning for all"

called for

by Secretary-General Mr. Guterres.

The world should <u>unite</u>
 and <u>act</u>
 towards this aim.

Japan will act
 to make this <u>happen</u>
 through
 water transformation.

24

The <u>Government of Japan</u>
 will contribute
 half a trillion Japanese Yen

or approximately 3.8 billion US Dollars

for this purpose.

25

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 We have <u>named</u> it the "<u>Kumamoto Initiative for Water</u>", after the <u>host city</u>
 of the **4th Asia-Pacific Water Summit**.

26

Japan intends to further expand the size and contents of this Initiative through partnerships with various countries, regional development banks, and international organizations including UN.

2 / of

and adaptation.

 Within the Initiative, a focus will be given to projects that simultaneously pursue both climate change mitigation

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 For example, water facilities that are operated using super-accurate hydro-climatological predictions will drastically reduce water loss and, hence, yield much more energy and food.

29

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Billions will be gained
 by investing mere millions.

In addition,
 excessive greenhouse gas emissions
 are thus to be <u>curtailed</u>,
 and <u>threats to ecosystems</u>
 to be removed.

30

 Japan will also promote R&D and capacity building on the revolutionary use of satellite data, as well as promote the building of Quality Infrastructure for water supply and sewage treatment.

Priorities

will be given to **LDCs**

and **Small Island Developing States**,

women and children,

youth and seniors,

people with disabilities,

and indigenous peoples.

32

of 37

Water related to the Poles,
 cryosphere,
 and groundwater
 will likewise be considered

within the water cycle from source to sea.

33

ot 37

 Lastly but not the least, I would like to conclude by stating that Japan will also actively collaborate with countries and international organizations that share these common goals with us.

34

of 37

 Japan will contribute to restoring and keeping a sound water cycle by sharing the knowledge and experience of Japan and other countries.

In closing,

I sincerely do hope

that all internationally agreed

goals and targets

related to water

are met by 2030.

36

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I look forward to

toasting

to this achievement

with you

with a cup of

Japanese green tea.

• Thank you.

of 37

(803 words)