1. What is your level of knowledge related to STI policy instruments?

- 60%: First time that I am introduced to the concept
- 40%: I am familiar with the concept
- 0%: I have designed STI policy instruments
- 0%: I am an expert in STI policy instruments
2. What are the two key STI policy instruments in your country?
3. What are the other policy instruments in your country that strongly affect the STI system?

- 0%: Exchange rate policy
- 3%: Interest rate policy
- 3%: Minimum wage policy
- 7%: Primary and secondary education
- 33%: Higher education
- 43%: Energy and ICT infrastructure
- 10%: Other
4. Policy mix should be designed by:

- Ministry of Science and Education: 6%
- Inter-ministerial working group: 28%
- In discussion of public sector, companies, academia and civic society: 44%
- By decree: 0%
- Taking into account multi-level governance (e.g. mix of national and regional instruments): 22%
5. The most two important components of the Policy Mix are:

- **36%**: A coherent logic of intervention: connection between objectives, instruments, and results
- **28%**: Answer to the needs of stakeholders or beneficiaries of the policies
- **14%**: Analysis of the synergies and compensations between instruments
- **14%**: Analysis of the potential impact on beneficiary groups
- **8%**: Scale and sufficient finance
6. Which two of the following key messages you find more applicable in your country?

- a. Policy instruments should have directionality (tools for a purpose) 5%
- b. Participatory process including all key stakeholders and taking account regional and local difference should be part of policy instrument design 22%
- c. STI Policy design needs inter-ministerial cooperation and mix of instruments from economic, research and innovation, regional development, and sectorial policies. 24%
- d. Policy mix is an integrated set of policy instruments that implement objectives and goals of a strategy it needs to be a part of the public intervention logic and deliver expected outcomes. 15%
- e. Policy instruments can take many forms and there are always trade offs that must be taken into account when designing them 10%
- f. Institutions in charge of science, technology, and innovation policy should consider assuming a more proactive role in STI policy design and implementation, and not just act as project funders 24%