MUSHROOM PRODUCTION WITH JUNCAO TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL TO FIGHT POVERTY

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• BACKGROUND

MODE OF MUSHROOM FEEDING

COMPOSITION OF MUSHROOM

MUSHROOM A TOOL TO FIGHT POVERTY

A FOOD B EMPLOYMENT C MEDICINE

D POLLUTION E BIOGAS AND BIOFERLIZER F INSECURITY

BACKGROUND

• Mushrooms are technically not plant but are classified as vegetables

• They are fungal

 Shapes; shape (umbrella, kidney, cap) depend on species }

• Cap (pileus)- Colour (white, grey, yellow)



BACKGROUND CONTINUE

There are many mushroom but Agaricus mushroom is the most commonly available

 Mushroom was first cultivated in China around 600 AD

in Nigeria mushroom had been underutilized

 In Nigeria many edible mushrooms are gathered from the wild eg; forest, wood, grassland etc

MODE OF MUSHROOM FEEDING

• Mushrooms are unique

 They don't have chlorophyll like plant and as such they do not undergo photosynthesis

They obtain their food through substrates

COMPOSITION OF MUSHROOM

• Mushrooms contain vitamin B, C and D, including niacin, riboflavin.

• They contain various minerals various minerals including potassium, phosphorus, calcium, magnesium, iron and copper

• Mushroom provides carbohydrates, but low in fat and fibre, and contains high quality protein no starch

Nutrients in Crimini Mushrooms, Raw



3 oz-wt (84 g)

MUSHROOM AS A TOOL TO FIGHT POVERTY

• (A) Food; Many tropical mushrooms can be harvested and consumed within 10 days after spawning

• Using different varieties, mushrooms can be cultivated all year round.

• (B) Employment; Mushroom cultivation can be labor intensive. Therefore, its activity can generate new jobs especially in less developed countries.

MUSHROOM AS A TOOL TO FIGHT POVERTY CONTINUE

• (c) Medicine; Some mushroom species can be use for medicine.

Ganoderma resinaceum has been reported to lower blood sugar, While Pleurotus tuberregium was reported to protect kidney and liver toxicity

mushroom has medicinal benefits of certain polysaccharides, which are known to boost the immune system







MUSHROOM AS A TOOL TO FIGHT POVERTY CONTINUE

• (D)Pollution; industrial and agricultural waste like saw dust, woodchips etc that would have caused pollution through process of burning

• are used as substrate for mushrooms which they use as food thereby reducing environmental pollution

• (E) lignocellulosic substrate used for mushroom can be use to produce biogas and biofertilizer

• (F)Insecurity; Juncao grass usually use as substrate can be use as feeds for animal

• This can be use in ranching to feed cattle thereby reducing crisis between herders and farmers in Nigeria

CONCLUSION

• '' It is said that the earth cannot produce more: Man has to do more with what the earth produces''

• In view of mushroom pleasing flavor, high protein, and medicinal values, mushrooms undoubtedly

• represent one of the world's greatest untapped resources for the future and can be used as path to meet the UN sustainable development goals (SDGs)

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