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Regional connectivity in advancing SDGs in Asia and the Pacific

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Three pillars of ESCAP transport work





Platform for intergovernmental cooperation and policy dialogue

Committee on Transport Ministerial Conference

Working Groups on AH, TAR and





Comprehensive capacity building programme

Operational connectivity Transport Facilitation Models Private Public Dialogue

Analytical work and data collection

Specialized monographs, bulletins and periodic assessments of transport connectivity in the region



Infrastructure Connectivity	 Missing links Sub-standard Uneven capa
Operational connectivity	Weak regulaLack of harmLack of coord
Euro-Asian Connectivity	 Obstacles to Lack of coor
Countries with Special Needs	 Least Develo Landlocked Small Island
Sustainable Urban Transport	Congestion,Affordability
Rural transport connectivity	Limited conrQuality of ru
Road safety	 60 % of globa Pacific 2020 Road Sa

•	Missing	links a	along	the	transp	ort r	networ	'ks

- Sub-standard quality of the networks
- Uneven capacity along the same corridors
- Weak regulatory frameworks
- Lack of harmonization of standards
- Lack of coordination (domestic and regional level)
- Obstacles to inter-regional trade
- Lack of coordination and synergies
 - Least Developed Countries
- Landlocked Developing Countries
- Small Island Developing Countries
- Congestion, pollution and Emissions
- Affordability and accessibility
- Limited connection of rural roads to wider networks
- Quality of rural infrastructure
- 60 % of global road safety fatalities happen in Asia and the Pacific
- 2020 Road Safety targets yet to be achieved



Regional Action Programme on Sustainable Transport Connectivity in Asia and the Pacific Phase I, 2017-2021



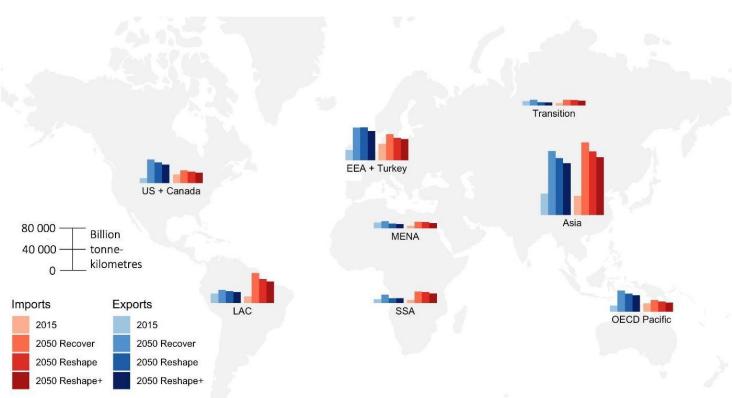


Asia-Pacific is at the core of the sustainable transport challenges



Import- and export-related freight transport by world region in 2050

(Under three scenarios, billion tonne-kilometres)



- Growth scenarios position Asia-Pacific at the core of transforming global transport performance and dealing with its externalities
- Global agenda has profound impacts on regional and national policies
- Innovation and new technologies, as well as new business models and trade patterns change transport landscape
- COVID-19 amplified the connectivity shortages and flagged the overall lack of sustainability. Building Back Better means accelerating transformation towards sustainable transport

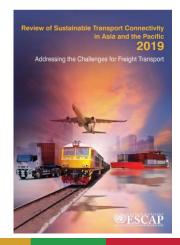


International Transport Forum, 2021

Building Back Better: Reshaping transport connectivity in Asia-Pacific

Pre COVID-19

- □ Infrastructure shortages
- Lack of digitalization
- Disbalanced freight modal split (road, rail, maritime)
- Inefficient or fragile transit arrangements
- Manual practices/checks at the border crossings
- Divergent standards on vehicles, drivers and international transit
- □ Connectivity gaps across the region

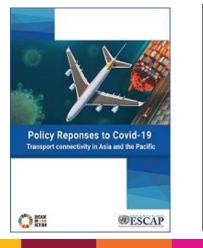


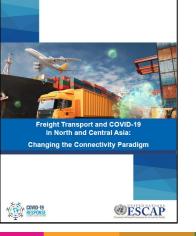
During COVID-19

- Restrictions
- New controls
- Market inefficiencies

But also

- □ Transit/green corridors
- **D** Electronic platforms for transport operations
- No/reduced charges or penalties for storing cargo and other associated services
- Emergency Response Centers for shippers and transport operators





Aftermath^{ING FORWARD TOGETHER}

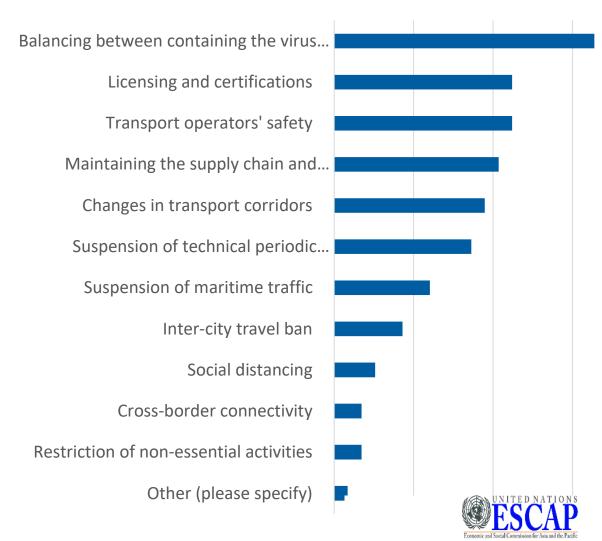
- Impact on infrastructure connectivity (investments)
- Impact on operational connectivity (facilitation)
- SDGs and sustainability targets



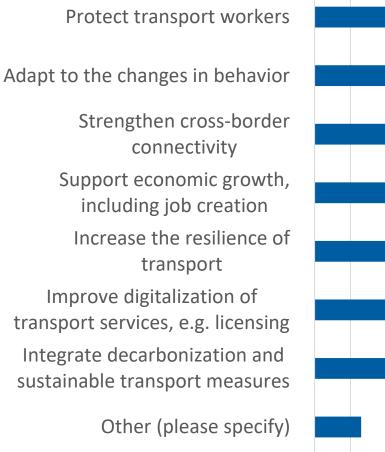
Major preoccupations of the freight transport authorities in Asia and the Pacific

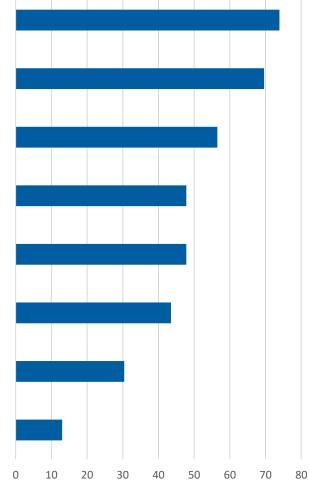


During the crisis



Anticipating recovery





Evolving regional agenda for transport cooperation

Regional Action Programme on Sustainable Transport Connectivity (2017-2021)



From 2022: Leveraging synergies and integrating thematic activities to support Building Back Better and the implementation of SDGs





Strategic objectives under consideration for the next regional programme on sustainable transport

- Pandemic recovery and resilience building
- Climate Change
- Pressures from changing social structures
- SDGs
- Technology and innovation
- Evidence based/data driven decision making
- Private sector and multistakeholder participation

Resilient and Efficient networks and logistics

Towards efficient and resilient transport and logistics network and mobility for economic growth

Environmentally sustainable transport Towards environmentally sustainable transport systems and services

Safe and inclusive transport Towards safe and inclusive transport and mobility

ESCAP //

New draft Regional Action Programme: 2022-2026

	Overarching objectives			
	Towards efficient and resilient	Towards environmentally	Towards safe and inclusive	
	transport and logistics network	sustainable transport systems	transport and mobility	
	and mobility for economic	and services		
	growth			
	Relevant Sustainable Development Goals			
			1 Parter 2 Bits 3 Mathematics 5 Bits 8 Rest Water And Water 10 Bits 11 Bits 13 Bits Implement <	
Thematic areas	Classification of contribution*			
Regional land transport connectivity	Direct impact	Direct impact	Direct impact	
and logistics				
Maritime and interregional transport	Direct impact	Direct impact	Direct impact	
connectivity				
Digitalization of transport	Direct impact	Direct impact	Direct impact	
Low-carbon mobility and logistics	Direct impact	Direct impact	Indirect impact	
Urban transport	Direct impact	Direct impact	Direct impact	
Road traffic safety	Indirect impact	Indirect impact	Direct impact	
Inclusive transport and mobility	Indirect impact	Direct impact	Direct impact	

New draft Regional Action Programme: 2022-2026

	Overarching objectives				
	Towards efficient and resilient transport and logistics network and mobility for economic growth	Towards environmentally sustainable transport systems and services	Towards safe and inclusive transport and mobility		
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Regional land transport connectivity and logistics	 Further development of the Asian Highways, Trans-Asian Railways and dry ports; Analytical and CB work on enhancing the operational connectivity, including during disruptive events, Support the development of land and intermodal transport corridors and multimodal transport operations 	Increased capacity of countries to implement national and regional measures to promote rail and waterborne transport , as well as environmentally sustainable logistics , in the regional freight operations	 Facilitating access of LLDCs to the regional supply chains Greater consideration of local development impact of the regional transport networks and corridors 		
Maritime and interregional transport connectivity	 Systematic and regular exchange of best practices and experiences on the issues and priorities for sustainable maritime connectivity for Asia and the Pacific; Regular inter-regional multi-stakeholder forum for sustainable transport connectivity between Europe and Asia 	 Knowledge products and policy tools on sustainable and resilient port and maritime transport in the Asia-Pacific Policy guidelines for integrated transport connectivity between the port and the hinterland; 	 Facilitating access of SIDs to global and regional supply chains Knowledge products and policy recommendations on enhancing safety of port and maritime operations 		



Highlights

- SDGs are mainstreamed and articulated into the 7 thematic areas of the proposed regional action programme
- Social and environmental dimensions of regional connectivity are increasingly explored to identify synergies and deal with possible trade offs
- Regional connectivity mechanisms/agreements are leveraged to advance decarbonization and social inclusion
- South South Cooperation
- Evidence based policies to bridge the connectivity gaps

