

Workshop on Accelerating the Implementation of the 2030 Agenda and AU Agenda 2063 in Africa: Building Resilient Institutions for the SDGs in the time of COVID-19

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Mainstreaming the 2030 Agenda and Agenda 2063 into national planning instruments and strategies



SOUTH AFRICA'S PRESENTATION 29 October 2021



INTRODUCTION

- ✤ We meet at a time when confronted with the harsh reality of COVID-19.
- COVID-19 outbreak is a grim reminder that we are interconnected.
- It is precisely for this reason that we ought to be congruent in our plans and work together.
- COVID-19 is making the achievement of the 17 SDGs by 2030 and Agenda 2063 even more challenging.
- COVID-19 recovery presents us with an opportunity to urgently transform and act fast towards a more equitable and sustainable pathways for implementation of Development Agendas.
- COVID-19 relief actions has created deep cuts into existing programmes and budgets - thus undermining continuity, consistency and sustainable development.



LONG TERM PLANNING PERSPECTIVE

FOCUS ON LONG TERM DEVELOPMENT PLANNING IS FOUNDED IN REVISED GREEN PAPER OF 2010

"We need a long term perspective to realise our vision and Our efforts to massively reduce poverty and roll back the extreme inequalities. Growth and development, strengthening institutions, nation-building and a developmental state are long term projects. A single term of government is too short a time...

"Lack of a coherent long term plan has weakened our ability to provide clear and consistent policies...to mobilise all of society in pursuit of our developmental objectives...to prioritise resource allocations and to drive implementation of government's objectives and priorities. In addition, weaknesses in coordination of government have led to policy inconsistencies and, in several cases, poor service delivery outcomes." HALFWAY TO 2030 SINCE ADOPTION OF NDP, THE REVIEW ASKED...

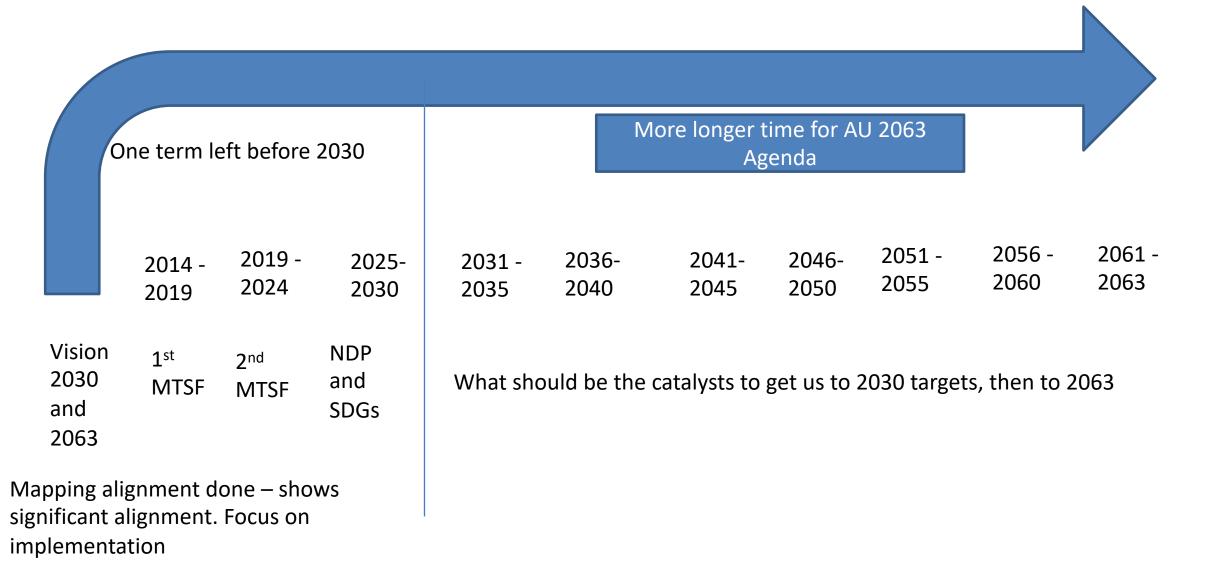


NATIONAL PLANNING SYSTEM

The NDP remains our Country Plan and is aligned to our international commitments



NDP IMPLEMENTATION AND GLOBAL AND CONTINENTAL LONG TERM AGENDAS



LOCATING CURRENT CONJUNCTURE



NDP since 2012

MTSF 2019-24 7 Priorities of the 6th Administration

Economic Recovery and Reconstruction Plan (ERRP)

- responses to
 COVID-19
- responding to the current civil unrest



We are at the mid point

- A review of where we are based on :
- NDP Review
- Review of MTSF 2019-24

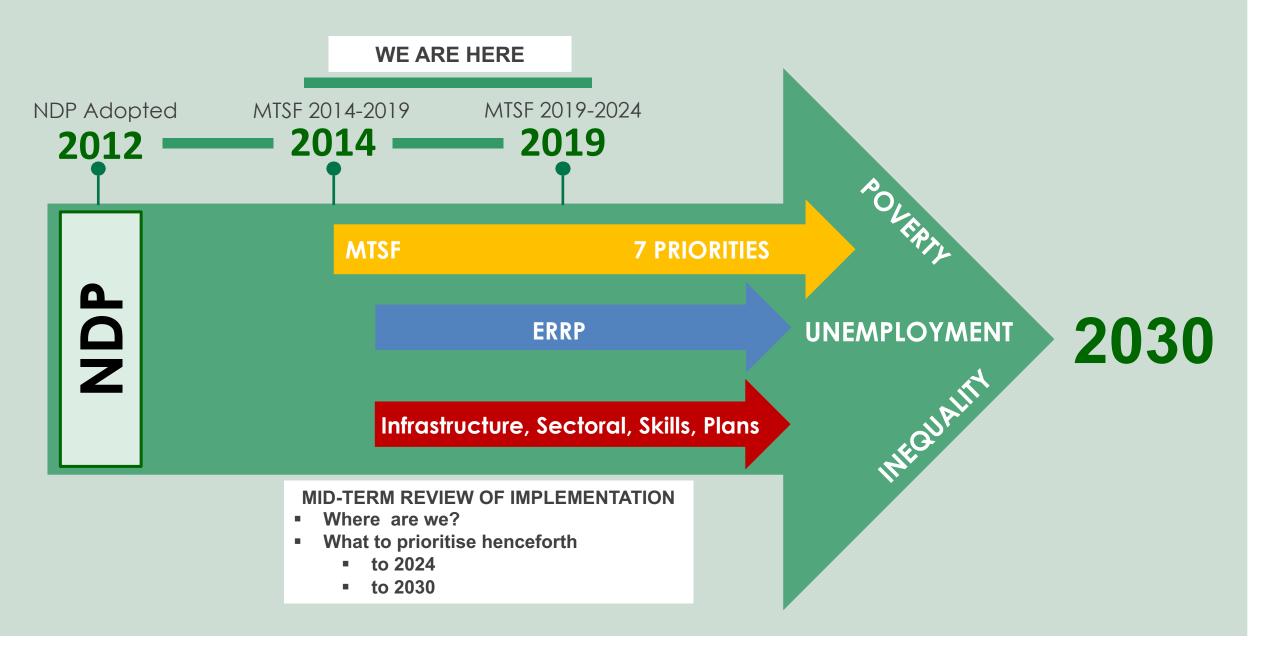


To inform Priorities

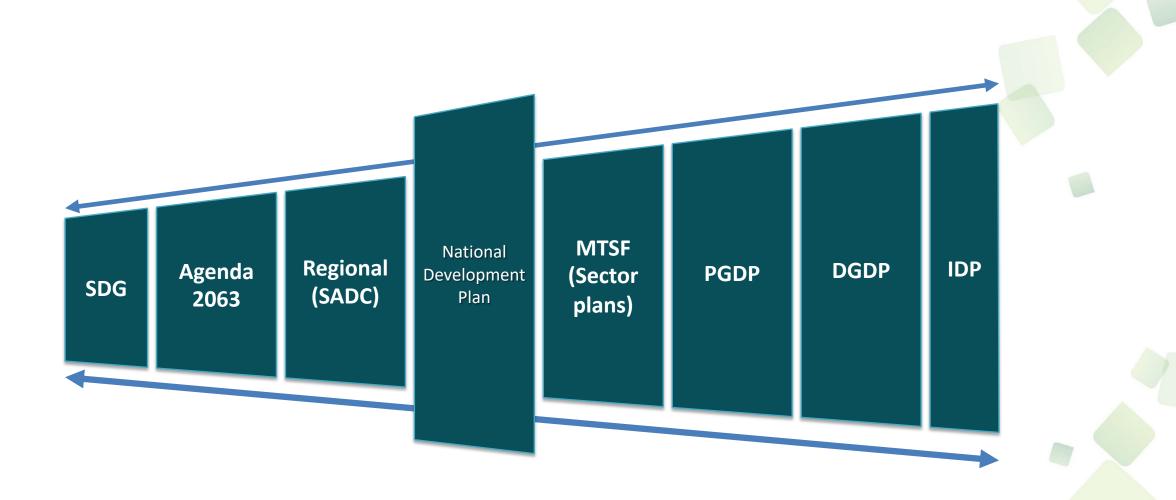
Task going forward is to consolidate the priorities for remainder of mediumterm to **2024**, and pathways to **2030**

NDP Implementation Framework towards 2030

PLANNING PERSPECTIVE



SA APPROACH ON DEVELOPMENT



NDP / SDGs/AGENDA 2063

PEOPLE





A

Aspiration 5

Africa with a Strong Cultural Identity Common Heritage, Values and Ethics

Aspiration 6

An Africa Whose Development is people driven, relying on the potential offered by African People, especially its Women and Youth, and caring for Children

Spiration 7

An Africa as A Strong, United, **Resilient and Influential Global Player and Partner**



A Peaceful and Secure Africa

Aspiration 3

An Africa of Good Governance, **Democracy, Respect for Human** Rights, Justice and the Rule of Law

Aspiration 2

An Integrated Continent Politically united and based on the ideals of Pan Africanism and the vision of African Renaissance

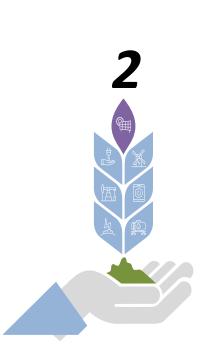
Aspiration 1

A Prosperous Africa, based on **Inclusive Growth and** Sustainable Development

2030 AGENDA HAS 5 UNDERLYING PRINCIPLES – ARE THEY IN NDP?



Leave No One Behind



Put Sustainable Development at the Core





Transforming economies for Inclusive Growth Forging a new partnership for development

Building peace and effective, open and accountable institutions for all

NEXUS - AGENDA 2063 AND AGENDA 2030

AGENDA 2063	2030 AGENDA	
Seven Aspirations, 20 Goals	17 Goals	
39 Priority Areas and 256 Targets	169 Targets	
248 Indicators	231 Indicators	

CONVERGENCE - AGENDA 2063 AND AGENDA 2030

Agenda 2030

Inequality within and among countries

Sustainable consumption and production

Terrestrial ecosystems, forests, desertification, land degradation and biodiversity

90% Convergence

Social development

Economic development

Climate change and some elements from SDGs

Peaceful and inclusive societies and responsive institutions

Agenda 2063

An integrated continent, politically united and based on the ideal Pan-Africanism and the vision of Africa's Renaissance

An Africa with a strong cultural identity, common heritage, shared values and ethics

The security agenda, including the project for a common defence, foreign and security policy for the continent

"Vision without action is merely a dream. Action without vision just passes the time. Vision with action can change the world" — Joel Barker



MAPPING MATRIX

Rows \rightarrow SDGs Targets 169 / 39 AU Agenda 2063 Priorities

Columns \rightarrow 13 NDP Chapters

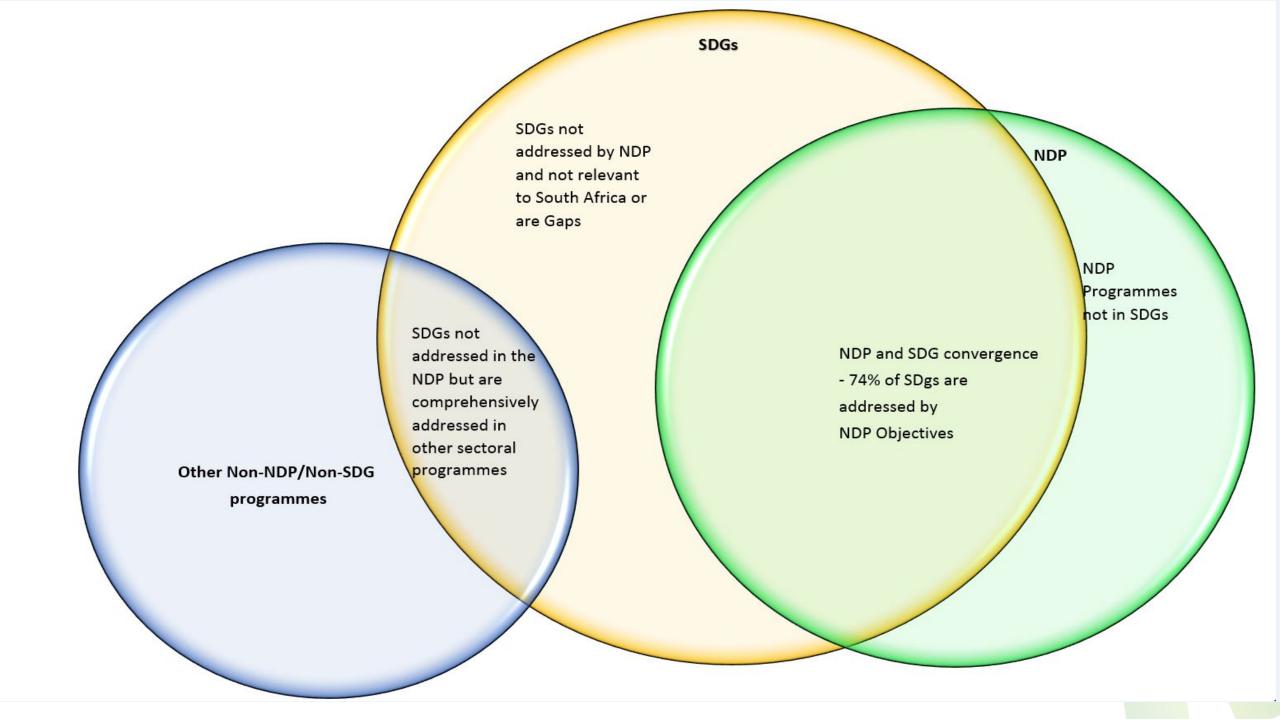
Intersection of rows and columns – relevant NDP "Objectives"

One objective can contribute/respond to several SDG Targets / Agenda 2063 Priorities – Objectives not unique to one target / Priority – hence some appear in multiple SDGs/ AU 2063

CRITERIA and DESCRIPTION	GREEN – Strong potential Impact of NDP Objective on SDG Target/ Agenda 2063 Priority	YELLOW – Moderate potential impact of NDP Objective on SDG Target /Agenda 2063 Priority	RED – Weak or no potential impact on NDP Objective on SDG Target/ Agenda 2063
Impact of NDP Objective on SDG Target /AU 2063 Priority – incremental impact ratio	Can potentially contribute to a large proportion of SDG Target/ Agenda 2063 by 2030	Limited to moderate potential for additional impact to SDG target/ Agenda 2063	No potential for additional impact
Magnitude of impact – Target population including vulnerable groups and the least well-off	Majority of impact focused on vulnerable groups and the least well-off	Limited impact on vulnerable groups and the least well-off	Little or no impact on vulnerable groups and the least well-off
Speed of Impact – Length of time to realize the NDP Objective's impact	Full impact realized within the MTSF cycle – 5 years	Partial impact will take more than 5 years to be realized	Impact will not be realized before 2030

NDP, AGENDA 2063 AND AGENDA 2030 ALIGNMENT

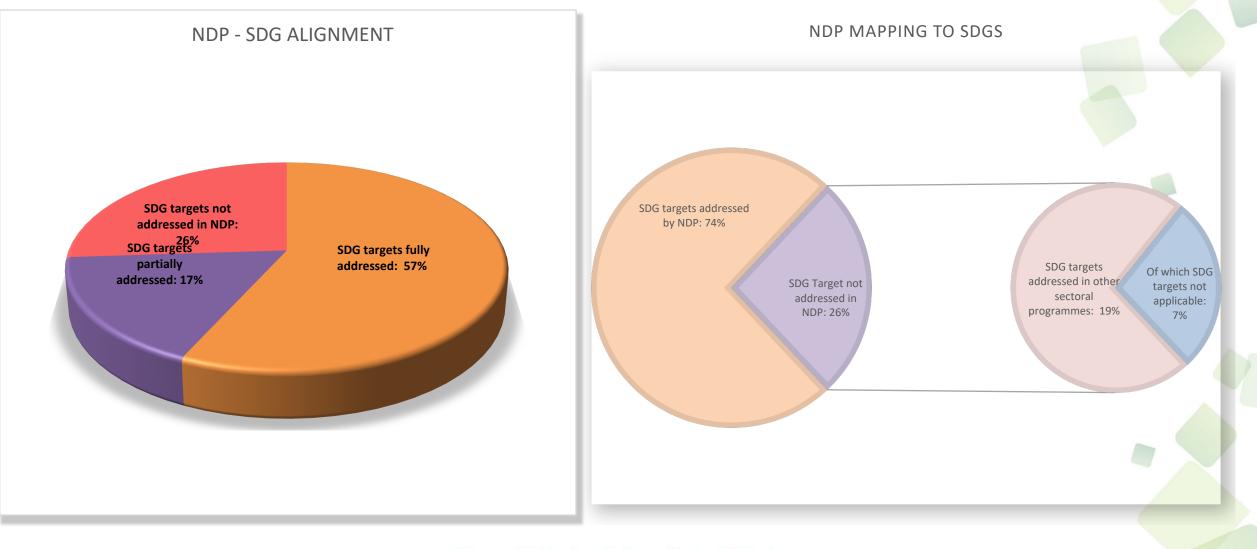




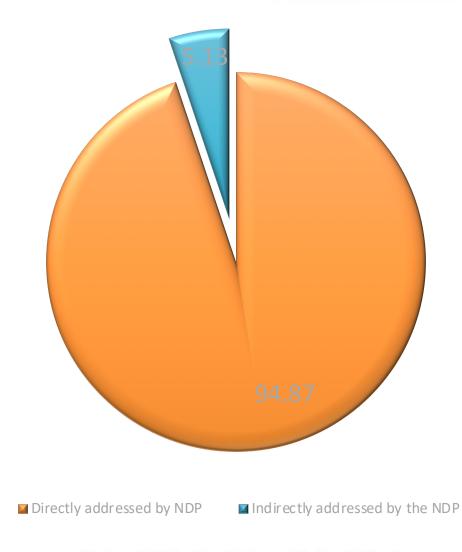
NDP-SDG AND NDP-AGENDA 2063 ALIGNMENT AT GLANCE

 SDG targets fully addressed: 96/169 SDG targets partially addressed: 29/169 SDG targets not addressed in NDP: 44/169 SDG targets addressed in other sectoral programmes: 33/44 Of which SDG targets not applicable: 11/44 	
 Agenda 2063 Priorities fully addressed: Agenda 2063 Priorities partially addressed: Agenda 2063 Priorities not addressed in NDP: Agenda 2063 Priorities addressed in other sectoral programme Of which Agenda 2063 Priorities not applicable: 	94.87% 5.13% 0 es: 5.13% 0
Vision 2030: Our Future, Make it Work	

SDG TARGETS ADDRESSED BY NDP



NDP ALIGNMENT WITH AU AGENDA 2063



NDP GAP ANALYSIS

- ✓ NDP developed to respond to issues identified in diagnostic report pre –SDG era, but during the post-2015 process
- ✓ Elements of SDGs left out of the NDP because:-
 - 1. SDG targets not a priority nor relevant for South Africa
 - 2. SDG targets a priority for South Africa, but are being dealt with outside the NDP
 - 3. NDP Objectives are critical to South Africa but not reflected in the SDG framework
- ✓ NDP Objectives which are high level and apply to all SDG targets GDP growth, security, corruption, ICT, etc.

KEY MESSAGES – MAPPING ANALYSIS

The NDP and the SDGs are highly aligned, with a convergence ratio of 74 percent. This means that 74 percent of the SDG targets are covered by the NDP

Only 13 SDG targets are not applicable to the South African Context.

The remaining 26 percent (44 targets) of the 169 SDG targets are not covered within the framework of the NDP. Out of this, 33 targets are being addressed comprehensively in programmes running in parallel to the NDP.

The NDP is almost fully aligned to the AU Agenda 2063 at 94.87 %. The 5.17 % is addressed by South Africa's pan-Africanist history and the spirit of Ubuntu

The NDP objectives classified into high impact, medium impact and low impact should be read in tandem with the SDG indicator framework which Statistics South Africa has developed to measure progress towards attaining the SDGs.

Some NDP Objectives are common to all SDGs and cannot be attributable to any particular target – We call these enablers – Security, GDP growth, ICT (broadband) etc...

If any of the SDG targets becomes a key priority, the analysis can guide policy makers as to which interventions could yield the best positive impact on particular SDG targets, while the gaps provide guidance on what SDG targets need to be addressed if they are currently not.

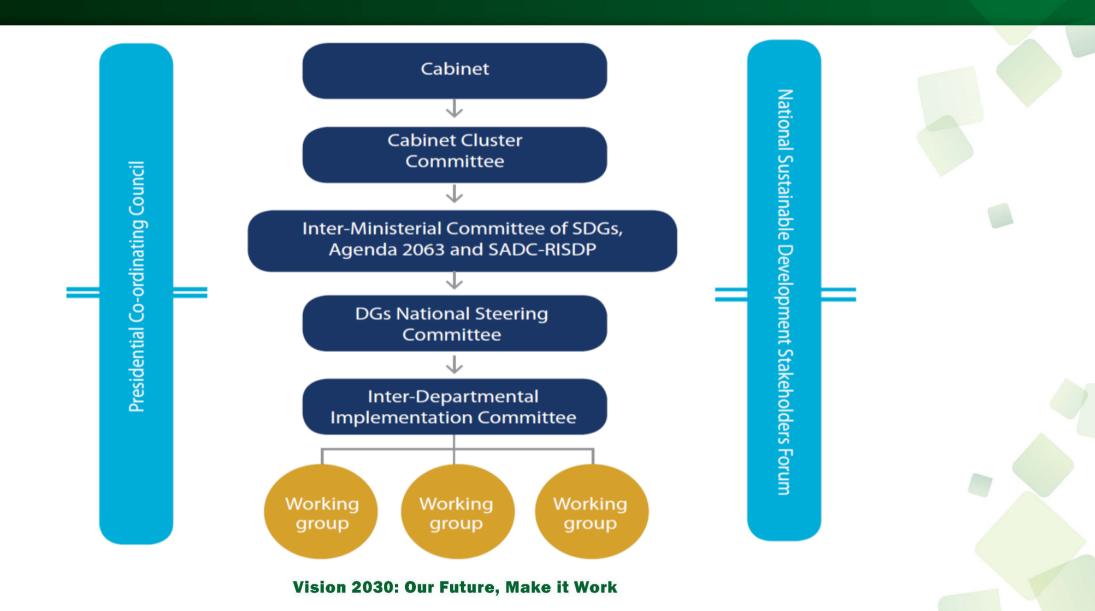
PARTICIPATORY APPROACH

South Africa is committed to realising the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and Agenda 2063, based on the principles of:

- Collaboration strong partnerships between the government, civil society, chapter 9 institutions, trade unions, the private sector and academia.
- **Coherence** The 2030 Agenda emphasises the integrated nature of development goals.
- *Impact* The 2030 Agenda should be approached with a sense of urgency.



COORDINATION MECHANISM



KEY PRINCIPLES AND PRE-REQUISITES FOR IMPLEMENTATION

- Successful implementation of the development goals, aspirations and targets is dependent on availability of resources, recognising the prevailing constrained fiscal space.
- This requires trade-offs, priorities and optimal fiscal stance.

Partnership, Co-ownership and Collaboration (whole of Government & Society)

Prioritization, Focus & Resources (optimal fiscal stance and efficiencies)

Monitoring and Measurement

Leadership and Accountability





