

## ANNEX 1

### SAMOA PATHWAY (RES/69/15) PRIORITY ACTION CLUSTERS, PRIORITY ACTIONS AND THEIR DIMENSIONS

PARAGRAPH REFERENCE (RES/69/15) (a)	PRIORITY ACTION CLUSTERS (b)	PRIORITY ACTIONS (c)	PRIORITY ACTIONS (DIMENSIONS DISTILLED FROM (c))
23-27(l) + 28, 29	Sustained and Sustainable, Inclusive and Equitable Economic Growth with Decent Work for All	(a) Enhancing international cooperation, exchanges and investments in formal and non-formal education and training to create an environment that supports sustainable investments and growth. This includes the development of entrepreneurial and vocational skills, support for transitions from basic to secondary education and from school to work, the building and strengthening of education infrastructure, better health, active citizenship, respect for cultural diversity, non-discrimination and environmental consciousness for all people, including women, youth and persons with disabilities;	<p>Development of entrepreneurial and vocational skills</p> <p>Transitions (rates) from basic to secondary education</p> <p>(Transition rates) from school to work</p> <p>Building and strengthening of education infrastructure</p> <p>Strengthening of education infrastructure</p> <p>(better health, active citizenship, respect for cultural diversity, non-discrimination and environmental consciousness?)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• International cooperation, exchanges</li> <li>• Investment in formal and non-formal education and training</li> <li>• Women, youth, persons with disabilities</li> </ul>

		<p>(b) Enhancing the enabling environment at the national and regional levels to attract more public and private investment in building and maintaining appropriate infrastructure, including ports, roads, transportation, electricity and power generation and information and communications technology infrastructure, and also enhancing the development impact of the private sector and the financial services industry;</p>	<p>Public investment in building <u>and</u> maintaining appropriate infrastructure</p> <p>Private investment in building and maintaining appropriate infrastructure,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ports</li> <li>• Roads</li> <li>• Transportation</li> <li>• Electricity and power generation</li> <li>• Information and communications technology infrastructure</li> </ul> <p>Enhance development impact of the private sector and the financial services industry;</p>
		<p>(c) Fostering entrepreneurship and innovation, building capacity and increasing the competitiveness and social entrepreneurship of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises and State-owned enterprises in small island developing States, as well as encouraging inclusive and sustainable industrial development with the participation of all people, including the poor, women, youth and persons with disabilities;</p>	<p>Fostering entrepreneurship and innovation</p> <p>Building capacity</p> <p>Increasing the competitiveness and social entrepreneurship of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises and State-owned enterprises</p>

			<p>Inclusive and sustainable industrial development</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Poor, women, youth, persons with disabilities</li> </ul>
		<p>(d) Supporting national, regional and international initiatives that <b>develop and increase the capacity and development impact of the financial services industry</b> in small island developing States;</p>	<p>Develop capacity in/of the financial services industry</p> <p>Increase the capacity in/of the financial services industry</p> <p>Increase the development impact of the financial services industry</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• National</li> <li>• Regional</li> <li>• International initiatives</li> </ul>
		<p>(e) <b>Creating local decent jobs</b> through private and public projects and <b>encouraging entrepreneurs</b> to start up environmentally sound businesses through adequate and appropriate incentives;</p>	<p>Creating local decent jobs</p> <p>Encouraging entrepreneurship</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Environmentally sound</li> <li>• Incentives</li> </ul>
		<p>(f) <b>Promoting and fostering an environment conducive to increased public and private sector investment and the creation of decent jobs and livelihoods</b> that contribute to sustainable development, with full respect for international labour standards;</p>	<p>Promoting an environment conducive to increased public sector investment</p> <p>Fostering an environment conducive to increased private sector investment</p> <p>Creation of decent jobs and livelihoods</p>
		<p>(g) Promoting and <b>enhancing the use of information and communications technologies</b> for, inter alia, education, the</p>	<p>Enhancing the use of information and communications technologies</p>

		creation of employment, in particular youth employment, and economic sustainability purposes in small island developing States;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Education</li> <li>• Creation of employment: youth</li> <li>• Economic sustainability?</li> </ul>
		(h) Promoting and enhancing gender equality and women's equal participation, including in policies and programmes in the public and private sectors in small island developing States;	<p>Promote gender equality and women's equal participation (including) in policies and programmes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Public sector</li> <li>• Private sector</li> </ul>
		(i) Setting national regulatory and policy frameworks, as appropriate, that enable business and industry to advance sustainable development initiatives, taking into account the importance of transparency, accountability and corporate social responsibility	National regulatory and policy frameworks that enable business and industry to advance sustainable development initiatives
30-30(g)	Sustainable Tourism	<p>(a) Developing and implementing policies that promote responsive, responsible, resilient and sustainable tourism, inclusive of all peoples;</p> <p>(b) Diversifying sustainable tourism through products and services, including large-scale tourism projects with positive economic, social and environmental impacts and the development of ecotourism, agri-tourism and cultural tourism;</p>	<p>Developing policies (where they don't currently exist) that promote responsive, responsible, resilient and sustainable tourism</p> <p>Implementing policies that promote responsive, responsible, resilient and sustainable tourism</p> <p>Diversifying sustainable tourism</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Products and services</li> <li>• Large-scale tourism projects with positive economic, social and environmental impacts</li> </ul> <p>Ecotourism</p>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Agri-tourism</li> <li>• Cultural tourism</li> </ul>
		(c) Promoting policies that allow local communities to gain optimum benefits from tourism while allowing them to determine the extent and nature of their participation;	<p>Promoting policies that allow local communities to _ from tourism</p> <p>Promoting policies that allow local communities to determine the extent and nature of their participation in tourism</p>
		(d) Designing and implementing participatory measures to enhance employment opportunities, in particular of women, youth and persons with disabilities, including through partnerships and capacity development, while conserving their natural, built and cultural heritage, especially ecosystems and biodiversity;	<p>Enhance employment opportunities</p> <p>Women, youth, persons with disabilities</p>
		(e) Leveraging the expertise of, inter alia, the Global Sustainable Tourism Council, the Global Observatories on Sustainable Tourism of the World Tourism Organization, the Global Partnership for Sustainable Tourism and other United Nations bodies, as well as the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production patterns, to provide platforms for the exchange of best practices and direct and focused support to their national efforts;	Leveraging the expertise of (international organizations/UN bodies & the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production pattern) to provide platforms for the exchange of best practices and direct and focused support to their national efforts

		<p>(f) Establishing, upon request, an island, food and sustainable tourism support initiative based on community participation, which takes into consideration ethical values, livelihoods and human settlements, the landscape, the sea, local culture and local products, in collaboration with the World Tourism Organization, the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Environment Programme, the United Nations Human Settlements Programme, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, regional development banks and regional and national agricultural, cultural, environmental and tourism authorities where they exist;</p>	<p>Establishing, upon request, an island, food and sustainable tourism support initiative</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Community participation etc.</li> </ul>
		<p>(g) Establishing and maintaining, where necessary, the governance and management structures for sustainable tourism and human settlements that bring together responsibilities and expertise in the areas of tourism, environment, health, disaster risk reduction, culture, land and housing, transportation, security and immigration, planning and development, and enabling a meaningful partnership approach among the public and private sectors and local communities.</p>	<p>Establishing and maintaining, where necessary, the governance and management structures for sustainable tourism and human settlements</p>

31-44d + 45,46	Climate Change	(a) To build resilience to the impacts of climate change and to improve their adaptive capacity through the <b>design and implementation of climate change adaptation measures</b> appropriate to their respective vulnerabilities and economic, environmental and social situations	Design and implementation of climate change adaptation measures
		(b) To <b>improve the baseline monitoring of island systems and the downscaling of climate model projections</b> to enable better projections of the future impacts on small islands;	Improve the baseline monitoring of island systems  Downscaling of climate model projections
		(c) To raise <b>awareness and communicate climate change risks</b> , including through public dialogue <b>with local communities</b> , to increase human and environmental resilience to the longer-term impacts of climate change;	raise awareness and communicate climate change risks.....with local communities
		(d) To address remaining gaps in <b>capacity for gaining access to and managing climate finance</b> .	capacity for gaining access to and managing climate finance.
47-50h	<b>Sustainable Energy</b>	(a) To develop a strategy and targeted measures to <b>promote energy efficiency and foster sustainable energy systems based on all energy sources</b> , in particular renewable energy sources, in small island developing States, such as wind, sustainable biomass, solar, hydroelectric, biofuel and geothermal energy;	Promote energy efficiency and foster sustainable energy systems, in particular renewable energy sources

		(b) To facilitate access to existing financing mechanisms to increase capital flows for the implementation of sustainable energy projects in small island developing States on renewable energy and energy efficiency;	Increase capital flows for the implementation of sustainable energy projects
		(c) To support investment in initiatives by and for small island developing States, in particular the “SIDS DOCK” indicative project pipeline of renewable energy and energy efficiency and conservation projects, as well as in the areas of capacity-building and human resources development and public education and awareness;	Investment in initiatives .....in particular the “SIDS DOCK” indicative project pipeline of renewable energy and energy efficiency and conservation projects  (Investment in) capacity-building and human resources development and public education and awareness
		(d) To promote international collaboration to ensure the access of small island developing States to energy by, inter alia, strengthening their integration with regional and international energy markets and increasing the use of locally available sources of energy in the energy mix, joint infrastructure development projects and investment in production and storage capacities, in accordance with national legislation;	Strengthening their integration with regional and international energy markets  Increasing the use of locally available sources of energy in the energy mix  (Increasing the use of) joint infrastructure development projects and investment in production and storage capacities
		(e) To fulfil their bold and ambitious renewable energy and energy efficiency targets in small island developing States for the next decade, taking into account national circumstances, the diversification of energy systems and the provision of	Renewable energy targets  Energy efficiency targets



		funds and technology on mutually agreed terms;	
		(f) To enhance international cooperation and cooperation among small island developing States for research and technological development and for the implementation of appropriate renewable energy and energy-efficient and environmentally sound technologies for small island developing States, including cleaner fossil fuel technology and smart grid technology, through the provision of, inter alia, financing from a variety of sources, the exchange of best practices and access to efficient technologies on mutually agreed terms;	<p>Research and technological development</p> <p>Financing for Research and Development</p> <p>Exchange of best practices and access to efficient technologies</p>
		(g) To access existing mechanisms, or, in regions with no existing mechanism, to encourage the establishment of user-friendly, accurate and comprehensive regional data repositories as online databases on energy, and to conduct technical studies and gather information on grid stability and management, including maximizing the integration of renewable energy and innovative storage mechanisms;	<p>Regional data(online) repositories on energy</p> <p>Technical studies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Grid stability &amp; management</li> <li>• Integration of renewable energy &amp; innovative storage mechanisms</li> </ul>

		(h) To work on an integrated approach to establishing and strengthening innovative energy road maps in small island developing States, with detailed resource planning, which takes into account social, environmental and economic considerations, as well as access to energy for the poor and people in remote areas.	Establish/Strengthen innovative energy road maps <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Socio-economic &amp; environmental considerations</li> <li>• Access to energy for the poor &amp; remote locations</li> </ul>
51-52h	Disaster Risk Reduction	(a) To gain access to technical assistance and financing for early warning systems, disaster risk reduction and post-disaster response and recovery, risk assessment and data, land use and planning, observation equipment, disaster preparedness and recovery education programmes, including under the Global Framework for Climate Services, and disaster risk management;	Technical assistance Financing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Early warning systems</li> <li>• Disaster risk reduction and post-disaster response and recovery</li> <li>• Risk assessment and data</li> <li>• Land use and planning</li> <li>• Observation equipment</li> <li>• Disaster preparedness and recovery education programmes</li> </ul>
		(b) To promote cooperation and investment in disaster risk management in the public and private sectors;	Cooperation in disaster risk management <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Public &amp; Private sectors</li> </ul> Investment in disaster risk management <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Public &amp; Private sectors</li> </ul>
		(c) To strengthen and support contingency planning and provisions for disaster preparedness and response,	Contingency planning Provisions for

		emergency relief and population evacuation, in particular for people in vulnerable situations, women and girls, displaced persons, children, older persons and persons with disabilities;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disaster preparedness and response emergency relief</li> <li>• Population evacuation, in particular for people in vulnerable situations</li> </ul>
		(d) To implement the Hyogo Framework for Action <sup>1</sup> and work for an ambitious renewed international framework for post-2015 disaster risk reduction that builds on previous achievements, prioritizes prevention and mitigation and incorporates implementation frameworks to address implementation gaps if and when they exist;	<p>Implement the Hyogo Framework for Action<sup>2</sup>/Sendai Framework?</p> <p>Implementation Frameworks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prevention &amp; Mitigation</li> </ul>
		(e) To mainstream policies and programmes related to disaster risk reduction, climate change adaptation and development, as appropriate;	<p>Mainstream Policies &amp; Programmes (in development plans)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DRR</li> <li>• Climate Change adaptation</li> </ul>
		(f) To harmonize national and regional reporting systems, where applicable, to increase synergies and coherence;	Harmonize national and regional reporting systems
		(g) To establish and strengthen risk insurance facilities at the national and	Establish risk insurance facilities at the national and regional levels

<sup>1</sup> Hyogo Framework for Action 2005–2015: Building the Resilience of Nations and Communities to Disasters (A/CONF.206/6 and Corr.1, chap. I, resolution 2).

<sup>2</sup> Hyogo Framework for Action 2005–2015: Building the Resilience of Nations and Communities to Disasters (A/CONF.206/6 and Corr.1, chap. I, resolution 2).

		regional levels and place disaster risk management and building resilience at the centre of policies and strategies, where applicable;	Strengthen risk insurance facilities at the national and regional levels
		(h) To increase participation in international and regional disaster risk reduction initiatives.	Participation in international and regional disaster risk reduction initiatives.
<b>53 -58p</b>	<b>Oceans and Seas</b>	<p>(a) To promote and support <u>national, sub-regional and regional efforts</u> to assess, conserve, protect, manage and sustainably use the oceans, seas and their resources by supporting research and the implementation of strategies on coastal zone management and ecosystem-based management, including for fisheries management, and enhancing national legal and institutional frameworks for the exploration and sustainable use of living and non-living resources;</p> <p>(b) To engage in <u>national and regional efforts</u> to sustainably develop the ocean resources of small island developing States and generate increasing returns for their peoples;</p> <p>(c) To implement fully and effectively the regional seas programmes in which small island developing States participate;</p>	<p>Research on coastal zone management; ecosystem-based management; sustainable use of living and non-living resources</p> <p>Implementation of strategies on coastal zone management; ecosystem-based management; sustainable use of living and non-living resources</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assess, conserve, protect, manage and sustainably use the oceans, seas and their resources</li> </ul> <p>Develop the ocean resources (to) generate increasing returns for their peoples</p> <p>Implement the regional seas programmes</p>

		(d) To address marine pollution by developing effective partnerships, including through the development and implementation of relevant arrangements, such as the United Nations Environment Programme Global Programme of Action for the Protection of the Marine Environment from Land-based Activities, <sup>3</sup> and, as appropriate, instruments on marine debris and on nutrient, wastewater and other marine pollution, and through the sharing and implementation of best practices;	Partnerships for marine pollution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sharing best practice</li> </ul>
		(e) To undertake urgent action to protect coral reefs and other vulnerable marine ecosystems through the development and implementation of comprehensive and integrated approaches for the management and the enhancement of their resilience to withstand pressures, including from ocean acidification and invasive species, and by drawing on measures such as those identified in the Framework for Action 2013 of the International Coral Reef Initiative;	Development of integrated approaches Implementation of integrated approaches to protect coral reefs and other vulnerable marine ecosystems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (From) ocean acidification and invasive species etc.</li> </ul>
		(f) To undertake marine scientific research and develop the associated technological capacity of small island developing States, including through the establishment of dedicated regional oceanographic centres and the provision of technical assistance, for the delimitation	Develop capacity for marine scientific research  Establishment of dedicated regional oceanographic centres

<sup>3</sup> A/51/116, annex II.

		of their maritime areas and the preparation of submissions to the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf;	Technical assistance for the delimitation of maritime areas etc.
		(g) To enhance and implement the <b>monitoring, control and surveillance</b> of fishing vessels so as to effectively prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing, including through institutional capacity-building at the appropriate levels;	Capacity to Monitor, control and surveillance (system) IUU fishing
		(h) To support the <b>sustainable development of small-scale fisheries</b> , improved mechanisms for resource assessment and management and enhanced facilities for fisheries workers, as well as initiatives that add value to outputs from small-scale fisheries, and to enhance access to markets for the products of sustainable small-scale fisheries of small island developing States;	Sustainable development of small-scale fisheries <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resource assessment</li> <li>• Management</li> <li>• Facilities for fisheries workers</li> <li>• Initiatives that add value to outputs from small-scale fisheries</li> <li>• Access to markets for the products of sustainable small-scale fisheries</li> </ul>
		(i) To <b>strengthen disciplines on subsidies in the fisheries sector</b> , including through the prohibition of certain forms of subsidies that contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, in accordance with the Doha Ministerial Declaration adopted by the World Trade Organization in 2001 <sup>4</sup> and the Hong Kong Ministerial Declaration	(Disciplines? On) subsidies in the fisheries sector

<sup>4</sup> A/C.2/56/7, annex.

		adopted by the World Trade Organization in 2005;	
		(j) For States that have not done so, to consider becoming parties to the 2001 United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization Convention on the Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage; <sup>5</sup>	Parties to UNESCO Convention on the Protection of Underwater Cultural Heritage
		(k) To promote the conservation, sustainable use and management of straddling and highly migratory fish stocks, including through measures that benefit small island developing States that are adopted by relevant regional fisheries management organizations and arrangements;	Conservation of straddling and highly migratory fish stocks  Sustainable use of straddling and highly migratory fish stocks  Management of straddling and highly migratory fish stocks
		(l) To enhance the capacity of small island developing States to sustainably use their fisheries resources and develop fisheries-related industries, enabling them to maximize benefits from their fisheries resources and ensure that the burden of conservation and management of ocean resources is not disproportionately transferred to small island developing States;	Enhance the capacity to sustainably use their fisheries resources  Enhance the capacity to develop fisheries-related industries
		(m) To urge the cooperation of the international community in implementing	Cooperation (of the international community) in implementing

<sup>5</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 2562, No. 45694.

		<p>shared responsibilities under regional fisheries management organizations and arrangements to enable small island developing States to benefit from <u>and sustainably manage</u> straddling and highly migratory fish stocks covered by those organizations <u>and arrangements</u>;</p>	<p>shared responsibilities under regional fisheries management organizations <u>and arrangements</u> to enable small island developing States to benefit from <u>and sustainably manage</u> straddling and highly migratory fish stocks covered by those organizations</p> <p>Cooperation (of the international community) in implementing shared responsibilities under regional fisheries <u>arrangements</u> to enable small island developing States to benefit from straddling and highly migratory fish stocks covered by those <u>arrangements</u></p> <p>Cooperation (of the international community) in implementing shared responsibilities under regional fisheries management organizations and arrangements to enable small island developing States to <u>sustainably manage</u> straddling and highly migratory fish stocks covered by those organizations and arrangements</p>
		<p>(n) To enhance local, national, regional and global cooperation to address the <u>causes of ocean acidification</u> and to further <u>study</u> and minimize its impacts, including through information-sharing,</p>	<p>Study causes of ocean acidification</p>



		regional workshops, the integration of scientists from small island developing States into international research teams, steps to make marine ecosystems more resilient to the impacts of ocean acidification and the possible development of a strategy for all small island developing States on ocean acidification;	
		(o) To conserve by 2020 at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas in small island developing States, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and for ecosystem services, through effectively and equitably managed, ecologically representative and well-connected systems of protected areas and other effective area-based conservation measures in order to reduce the rate of biodiversity loss in the marine environment;	Conserve by 2020 at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas for biodiversity and for ecosystem services
		(p) To address concerns about the long-term effects of munitions dumped at sea, including their potential impact on human health and safety and on the marine environment and resources.	Study long-term effects of munitions dumped at sea and potential impact <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Human health and safety</li> <li>• Marine environment and resources.</li> </ul>
<b>59-63g</b>	<b>Food Security and Nutrition</b>	(a) To promote the further use of sustainable practices relating to agriculture, crops, livestock, forestry, fisheries and aquaculture to improve food and nutrition security while ensuring the	Promote the further use of sustainable practices relating to agriculture <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Crops</li> </ul>

		sustainable management of the required water resources;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Livestock</li> <li>• Forestry</li> <li>• Fisheries</li> <li>• Aquaculture</li> </ul>
		(b) To promote open and efficient international and domestic markets to support economic development and optimize food security and nutrition;	<p>Promote open <u>and</u> efficient international markets</p> <p>Promote open <u>and</u> efficient domestic markets</p>
		(c) To enhance international cooperation to maintain access to global food markets, particularly during periods of higher volatility in commodity markets;	International cooperation to <u>maintain</u> access to global food markets
		(d) To increase rural income and jobs, with a focus on the empowerment of smallholders and small-scale food producers, especially women;	<p>Empowerment of smallholders and small-scale food producers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Women</li> <li>• Rural income</li> <li>• Jobs</li> </ul>
		(e) To end malnutrition in all its forms, including by securing year-round access to sufficient, safe, affordable, diverse and nutritious food;	Year-round access to sufficient, safe, affordable, diverse and nutritious food;
		(f) To enhance the resilience of agriculture and fisheries to the adverse impacts of climate change, ocean acidification and natural disasters;	<p>Resilience of agriculture and fisheries (to)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Climate change</li> <li>• Ocean acidification</li> <li>• Natural disasters</li> </ul>
		(g) To maintain natural ecological processes that support sustainable food production systems through international technical cooperation.	<p>Maintain natural ecological processes that support sustainable food production systems</p> <p>Technical cooperation?</p>

64-65d	Water and Sanitation	(a) To develop institutional and human capacities for the effective, inclusive and sustainable implementation of the integrated management of water resources and related ecosystems, including supporting women's engagement in water management systems;	<p>Develop institutional capacities for the effective, inclusive and sustainable implementation of the integrated management of water resources and related ecosystems</p> <p>Develop human capacities for the effective, inclusive and sustainable implementation of the integrated management of water resources and related ecosystems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Women's engagement in water management systems</li> </ul>
		(b) To provide and operate appropriate facilities and infrastructure for safe drinking water, sanitation, hygiene and waste management systems, including the exploration of desalination technology where economically and environmentally feasible;	<p>Provide infrastructure for safe drinking water, sanitation, hygiene and waste management systems</p> <p>Operate appropriate facilities for safe drinking water, sanitation, hygiene and waste management systems</p>
		(c) To facilitate the expansion of wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse in the context of the sustainable and efficient use of water resources;	Facilitate the expansion of wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse of water resources
		(d) To improve water-use efficiency and work towards eliminating over-extraction, especially of groundwater, and to mitigate the effects of saltwater intrusion.	<p>Improve water-use efficiency</p> <p>Eliminating over-extraction, especially of groundwater</p>

			Mitigate the effects of saltwater intrusion.
66-67d	Sustainable Transportation	<p>(a) To gain access to environmentally sound, safe, affordable and well-maintained transportation;</p> <p>(b) To advance the safety of land, sea and air transportation;</p> <p>(c) To develop viable national, regional and international transportation arrangements, including improved air, land and sea transport policies that take a life-cycle approach to the development and management of transport infrastructure;</p> <p>(d) To increase energy efficiency in the transport sector.</p>	<p>Access to <u>environmentally sound</u>, <u>safe</u>, <u>affordable</u> and <u>well-maintained</u> transportation;</p> <p>(Advance?Improve the) safety of land, sea and air transportation;</p> <p>Improved transport policies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Air</li> <li>• Land</li> <li>• Sea</li> </ul> <p>Energy efficiency in the transport sector</p>
68-69	Sustainable Consumption and Production	<p>69. In this regard, we call for support for the efforts of small island developing States to <u>develop and implement programmes under the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production</u> patterns to advance sustainable consumption and production, with an emphasis on micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, sustainable tourism, waste management, food and nutrition, lifestyles, education for sustainable development and linkages in the supply chain to promote rural development.</p>	<p>Develop programmes under the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production</p> <p>Implement programmes under the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Micro, small and medium-sized enterprises</li> <li>• Sustainable tourism</li> <li>• Waste management</li> <li>• Food and nutrition</li> </ul>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lifestyles</li> <li>• Education for sustainable development</li> <li>• Linkages in the supply chain to promote rural development</li> </ul>
<b>70-71d</b>	<b>Management of Chemicals and Waste, including Hazardous Waste</b>	<p>(a) Enhancing technical cooperation programmes, including those under the Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal,<sup>6</sup> the Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management of the United Nations Environment Programme, the secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme, the London Convention and Protocol and the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, to strengthen national, regional and international mechanisms for the management of waste, including chemical and hazardous waste, ship- and aircraft-generated waste and marine plastic litter, and further strengthening and expanding geographic coverage of oil spill contingency plans;</p> <p>(b) For States that have not done so, considering becoming parties to and ensuring an enabling environment for the implementation, including with technical and other appropriate support, of the multilateral environmental agreements on</p>	<p>Enhancing technical cooperation programmes... to strengthen national, regional and international mechanisms for the management of waste</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chemical and hazardous waste</li> <li>• Ship- and aircraft-generated waste</li> <li>• Marine plastic litter</li> </ul> <p>Strengthening and expanding geographic coverage of oil spill contingency plans</p> <p>Becoming parties to the multilateral environmental agreements on chemicals and waste</p>

<sup>6</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1673, No. 28911.

		chemicals and waste and implementing, as appropriate, the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals and the Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management;	Ensuring an enabling environment for the implementation of the multilateral environmental agreements on chemicals and waste <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Technical support etc.</li> </ul>
		(c) Facilitating improved access to existing capacity-building programmes, such as those under the International Health Regulations of the World Health Organization, which call for strengthened management of specific risks, including control programmes for chemical and other toxic and environmental events;	Improved access to existing capacity-building programmes which call for strengthened management of specific risks <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Control programmes for chemical and other toxic and environmental events</li> </ul>
		(d) Implementing reduction, reuse, recycling, recovery and return approaches in accordance with national capacities and priorities, inter alia, through capacity-building and environmentally appropriate technologies.	Implementing reduction, reuse, recycling, recovery and return approaches  Capacity building for Implementing reduction, reuse, recycling, recovery and return approaches  Use of environmentally appropriate technologies for Implementing reduction, reuse, recycling, recovery and return approaches
<b>72-75g</b>	<b>Health and Non-communicable Diseases</b>	(a) To develop and implement comprehensive, whole-government multi-sectoral policies and strategies for the prevention and management of diseases, including through the strengthening of	Develop and implement comprehensive, whole-government multi-sectoral policies and strategies for the prevention and management of diseases

		health systems, the promotion of effective universal health coverage implementation, the distribution of medical and drug supplies, education and public awareness and incentivizing people to lead healthier lives through a healthy diet, good nutrition, sports and education;	
		(b) To develop specific national programmes and policies geared towards the strengthening of health systems for the achievement of universal coverage of health services and the distribution of medical and drug supplies, with the assistance of the United Nations Children's Fund, the World Health Organization, the United Nations Population Fund, key development partners and other stakeholders, at the invitation of small island developing States;	Develop specific national programmes and policies geared towards the strengthening of health systems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Universal coverage of health services</li> <li>• Distribution of medical and drug supplies</li> </ul>
		(c) To take urgent steps to establish, for the period from 2015 to 2025, 10-year targets and strategies to reverse the spread and severity of non-communicable diseases;	Establish, for the period from 2015 to 2025, 10-year targets to reverse the spread and severity of non-communicable diseases  Establish, for the period from 2015 to 2025, strategies to reverse the spread and severity of non-communicable diseases (to meet the targets)
		(d) To implement well-planned and value-added interventions that strengthen health promotion, promote primary health care and develop accountability	Implement interventions that strengthen health promotion  Implement interventions that promote primary health care

		mechanisms for monitoring non-communicable diseases;	Develop accountability mechanisms for monitoring non-communicable diseases
		(e) To enable cooperation among small island developing States on diseases by using existing international and regional forums to convene joint biennial meetings of ministers of health and other relevant sectors to respond in particular to non-communicable diseases;	Convene joint biennial meetings of ministers of health and other relevant sectors to respond in particular to non-communicable diseases;
		(f) To achieve universal access to HIV prevention, treatment, care and support and to eliminate mother-to-child transmission of HIV, as well as to renew and strengthen the fight against malaria, tuberculosis and neglected emerging and re-emerging tropical diseases, including chikungunya and dengue;	Access to HIV prevention, treatment, care and support and to eliminate mother-to-child transmission of HIV  Strengthen (the fight against)/(policies and programmes to address) malaria, tuberculosis and neglected emerging and re-emerging tropical diseases, including chikungunya and dengue
		(g) To reduce maternal, newborn and child mortality and improve the health of mothers, infants and children.	Reduce <u>maternal</u> , <u>newborn</u> and <u>child</u> mortality  Improve the health of mothers, infants and children?
76-77i	Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment	(a) To eliminate all forms of discrimination against women and girls;	Eliminate all forms of discrimination against women and girls
		(b) To integrate a gender perspective in priority areas for sustainable development;	(Mainstream)/ Integrate gender in (development plans and



			programmes)/priority areas for sustainable development
		(c) To strengthen women's economic empowerment and ensure equal access to full and productive employment and decent work;	strengthen women's economic empowerment  Equal access (by women) to full and productive employment  Equal access (by women) to decent work
		(d) To end all forms of violence against women and girls;	Violence against women and girls
		(e) To continue to take measures to ensure women's full, equal and effective participation in all fields and leadership at all levels of decision-making in the public and private sectors through such policies and actions as temporary special measures, as appropriate, and by setting and working to achieve concrete goals, targets and benchmarks;	Women's full, equal and effective participation in all fields  Women's full, equal and effective participation at all levels of decision-making in the public sector  Women's full, equal and effective participation at all levels of decision-making in the private sectors
		(f) To guarantee equal access to good-quality education and health care;	
		(g) To ensure in small island developing States the promotion and protection of the human rights of all women and their sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development, the Beijing Platform for Action and the	Promotion of the human rights of all women  Protection of the human rights of all women

		outcome documents of their review conferences;	Protection of the sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights of women <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conference outcomes</li> </ul>
		(h) To tackle the structural and socioeconomic inequalities and multiple intersecting forms of discrimination that affect women and girls, including those with disabilities, that hinder progress and development;	(Remove) structural and socioeconomic inequalities that affect women and girls  (Remove) the multiple intersecting forms of discrimination? that affect women and girls
		(i) To give women equal rights with men to economic resources, including access to, ownership of and control over land and other forms of property, credit, inheritance, natural resources and appropriate new technologies.	(Policies to give/ensure) women equal rights with men to economic resources <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Access to, ownership of and control over land and other forms of property, credit, inheritance, natural resources and appropriate new technologies</li> </ul>
<b>78-79</b>	<b>Social Development</b>	78. We recognize that social development, as one of the three dimensions of sustainable development, is crucial to ensuring development progress by small island developing States both now and in the future. We therefore support efforts to enhance social protection and inclusion, to improve well-being and to guarantee opportunities for the most vulnerable and disadvantaged.	Enhance social protection and inclusion, to improve well-being and to guarantee opportunities for the most vulnerable and disadvantaged

		<p>79. We support small island developing States in their commitment to an approach to development that is focused on poverty eradication, which should ensure that people, particularly those living in poverty, have equal access to education, health, food, water and sanitation and other public and social services and access to productive resources, including credit, land, training, knowledge, information and know-how. That approach enables citizens and local communities to participate in decision-making on social development policies and programmes.</p>	<p>Poverty eradication</p> <p>Ensure that people, particularly those living in poverty, have equal access to education, health, food, water and sanitation and other public and social services and access to productive resources, including credit, land, training, knowledge, information and know-how</p>
<b>80-81e +82</b>	<b>Culture and Sport</b>	<p>(a) To promote cultural diversity, intercultural dialogue and international cooperation in the cultural field in line with applicable international conventions, in particular those of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization;</p> <p>(b) To leverage and build on the joint work of the World Intellectual Property Organization and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization;</p>	<p>Promote cultural diversity,</p> <p>Promote intercultural dialogue</p> <p>Promote international cooperation in the cultural field</p> <p>Leverage the joint work of the World Intellectual Property Organization and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (on?)</p> <p>Build on the joint work of the World Intellectual Property</p>

			Organization and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (on?)
		(c) To develop and strengthen national and regional cultural activities and infrastructures, including through the network of World Heritage sites, which reinforce local capacities, promote awareness in small island developing States, enhance tangible and intangible cultural heritage, including local and indigenous knowledge, and involve local people for the benefit of present and future generations;	<p>Develop national and regional cultural activities and infrastructures</p> <p>Strengthen national and regional cultural activities and infrastructures</p> <p>Enhance tangible and intangible cultural heritage</p> <p>Involve local people (in?) for the benefit of present and future generations</p>
		(d) To develop cultural and creative industries, including tourism, that capitalize on their rich heritage and have a role to play in sustainable and inclusive growth;	<p>Develop cultural industries</p> <p>Develop creative industries,</p>
		(e) To develop domestic mechanisms to conserve, promote, protect and preserve their natural, tangible and intangible cultural heritage practices and traditional knowledge.	Develop domestic mechanisms to conserve, promote, protect and preserve their natural, tangible and intangible cultural heritage practices and traditional knowledge
		82. Recognizing the strong capacity of small island developing States in sport, we support the use of sport as a vehicle to foster development, social inclusion and peace, strengthen education, promote	<p>Use of sport as a vehicle to foster development</p> <p>Use of sport as a vehicle to foster social inclusion and peace,</p>

		health and build life skills, particularly among youth.	<p>Use of sport as a vehicle to strengthen education,</p> <p>Use of sport as a vehicle to promote health and build life skills</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Youth.</li> </ul>
83-86	Promoting Peaceful Societies and Safe Communities	<p>83. We recognize the importance of supporting small island developing States in their ongoing efforts to ensure peaceful societies and safe communities, including through building responsive and accountable institutions and ensuring access to justice and respect for all human rights, taking into account their national priorities and legislations.</p> <p>84. We recognize that the sustainable development of small island developing States can be negatively affected by crime and violence, including conflict, gang and youth violence, piracy, trafficking in persons, cybercrime, drug trafficking and transnational organized crime. In particular, the lack of sustainable livelihoods and opportunities for further education and the breaking down of community support structures can lead to increasing numbers of young men and women becoming involved in violence and crime.</p>	<p>Ensure peaceful societies and safe communities</p> <p>Breaking down of community support structures can lead to <del>increasing numbers of</del> young men and women becoming involved in violence and crime.</p>

		<p>85. We support the efforts of small island developing States to combat trafficking in persons, cybercrime, drug trafficking, transnational organized crime and international piracy by promoting the accession, ratification and implementation of applicable conventions, enacting and using legislation that prohibits trafficking, promoting strong institutions and improving protection mechanisms to ensure adequate care for victims of sex trafficking and forced labour in accordance with relevant national and international agreements and treaties.</p>	<p>by promoting the accession, ratification and implementation of applicable conventions, enacting and using legislation that prohibits trafficking</p> <p>Promoting strong/ (Strengthen) institutions to ensure adequate care for victims of sex trafficking and forced labour</p> <p>Improving protection mechanisms? to ensure adequate care for victims of sex trafficking and forced labour</p>
		<p>86. We support the development of action plans in small island developing States to eliminate violence against women and girls, who are often targets of gender-based violence and are disproportionately affected by crime, violence and conflict, and to ensure that they are centrally involved in all relevant processes.</p>	<p>Development of action plans to eliminate violence against women and girls</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that they are centrally involved in all relevant processes.</li> </ul>
<b>87-88c</b>	<b>Education</b>	<p>(a) To provide high-quality education and training for youth and girls with a focus on the most vulnerable, in particular persons with disabilities, including in creative, cultural and environment-related fields, so that all people have the necessary skills and can take advantage of</p>	<p>Provide high-quality education and training so that all people have the necessary skills and can take advantage of employment opportunities to lead productive lives</p>

		employment opportunities to lead productive lives;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Youth and girls, persons with disabilities</li><li>• Creative, cultural and environment-related fields</li></ul>
		(b) To ensure that education contributes to further building peace and promoting social inclusion;	Provide education (that) contributes to building peace and promoting social inclusion
		(c) To increase their investment in education, training and skills development for all, including vocational training, and to improve their access to formal and non-formal education, including to gain entrepreneurial skills, through both formal and non-formal means, such as the use of distance teaching and the development of training approaches appropriate for small island developing States.	Increase investment in education, training and skills development  Improve access to formal and non-formal education  Development of training approaches appropriate for small island developing States.
89-90c + 91	Biodiversity	(a) To conserve biological diversity, the sustainable use of its components and the fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising out of the utilization of genetic resources;	Conserve biological diversity  Sustainable use (of components of biodiversity)  Ensure fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising out of the utilization of genetic resources
		(b) To export organic, natural, sustainably produced and locally grown products;	Export organic, natural, sustainably produced and locally grown products
		(c) To access financial and technical resources for the conservation and sustainable management of biodiversity.	Access financial resources for the conservation of biodiversity

			<p>Access financial resources for the sustainable management of biodiversity</p> <p>Access technical resources for the conservation of biodiversity</p> <p>Access technical resources for the sustainable management of biodiversity</p>
		<p>91. We invite parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity<sup>7</sup> to consider ratifying and implementing the Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising from Their Utilization to the Convention on Biological Diversity,<sup>8</sup> while acknowledging that having access to and sharing the benefits of genetic resources contribute to the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity, poverty eradication and sustainable development.</p>	<p>Invite parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity<sup>9</sup> to consider ratifying and implementing the Nagoya Protocol on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising from Their Utilization</p>
<b>92-93</b>	<b>Desertification, Land Degradation and Drought</b>	<p>92. We recognize that addressing desertification, land degradation and drought challenges will be critical for the achievement by small island developing States of food security and nutrition, their</p>	<p>Design preparedness and resilience policies relating to desertification, land degradation and drought</p>

<sup>7</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1760, No. 30619.

<sup>8</sup> See United Nations Environment Programme, document UNEP/CBD/COP/10/27, annex, decision X/1.

<sup>9</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1760, No. 30619.



		adaptation to climate change, the protection of their biodiversity and the development of resilience to natural disasters. We also strongly support the efforts of small island developing States in designing and implementing preparedness and resilience policies relating to desertification, land degradation and drought as a matter of priority and in catalysing financial resources from a range of public and private sources, as well as in promoting the sustainability of their limited soil resources.	Implement preparedness and resilience policies relating to desertification, land degradation and drought
		93. We acknowledge the decision of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa entitled “Follow-up to the outcomes of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20)”, <sup>10</sup> in which the Conference of the Parties established an intergovernmental working group to, inter alia, establish a science-based definition of land degradation neutrality in arid, semi-arid and dry sub-humid areas.	
94-94f	Forests	(a) To implement the non-legally binding instrument on all types of forests; <sup>11</sup>	Implement the non-legally binding instrument on all types of forests

<sup>10</sup> ICCD/COP(11)/23/Add.1 and Corr.1, decision 8/COP.11.

<sup>11</sup> Resolution 62/98, annex.

		(b) To slow, halt and reverse deforestation and forest degradation, including by promoting trade in legally and sustainably harvested forest products;	<p>Slow, halt and reverse deforestation</p> <p>Slow, halt and reverse forest degradation</p> <p>Trade in legally harvested forest products</p> <p>Trade in sustainably harvested forest product</p>
		(c) To achieve appropriate and effective reforestation, restoration and afforestation;	<p>Policies to achieve appropriate? reforestation, restoration and afforestation</p> <p>Policies to achieve effective? reforestation, restoration and afforestation</p>
		(d) To address obstacles and pursue opportunities to mobilize financing from all sources to support national sustainable forest management policies and improve the state of biological diversity by conserving and safeguarding ecosystems, species and genetic diversity;	<p>Address/(Remove) obstacles to mobilizing financing to support national sustainable forest management policies</p> <p>Improve the state of biological diversity by conserving and safeguarding ecosystems, species and genetic diversity;</p>
		(e) To participate in the review of the international arrangement on forests under the United Nations Forum on Forests in order to explore the full range of options on the future of the arrangement;	SIDS participation in the review of the international arrangement on forests under the United Nations Forum on Forests

		(f) To strengthen their legal, institutional and human capacity for sustainable forest management on the basis of a holistic and integrated approach to the sustainable use of forest resources.	<p>Strengthen legal, institutional and human capacity for sustainable forest management</p> <p>Strengthen capacity to implement integrated approaches to the sustainable use of forest resources</p>
<b>95-95c</b>	<b>Invasive Alien Species</b>	<p>(a) To enhance multi-sectoral collaboration at the national, regional and international levels, including through expanded support to existing structures, to effectively address invasive alien species;</p> <p>(b) To improve efforts to eradicate and control invasive alien species, including through the provision of support for research on and the development of new technologies by expanding collaboration and supporting existing regional and international structures;</p> <p>(c) To develop and strengthen their capacity to address invasive alien species issues, including prevention, as well as increasing public awareness in small island developing States about this issue.</p>	<p>Support to existing structures to effectively address invasive alien species (vague)</p> <p>Eradicate invasive alien species</p> <p>Control invasive alien species</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Research on and the development of new technologies</li> <li>• Collaboration and supporting existing regional and international structures</li> </ul> <p>Develop capacity to address invasive alien species</p> <p>Strengthen capacity to address invasive alien species</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prevention</li> <li>• Public awareness</li> </ul>

96.	Means of Implementation, (including partnerships)	96. While acknowledging the primary responsibility of small island developing States for their own sustainable development, we recognize that the persistent development challenges of the small island developing States require enhanced global partnership for development, adequate provision and mobilization of all means of implementation and continued international support to achieve internationally agreed goals.	Enhanced global partnership for development, adequate provision and mobilization of all means of implementation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• International support</li> </ul>
97 -101.	Partnerships	97. We call for an increase in all forms of partnership with and for small island developing States.	Increase in all forms of partnership
		98. We recognize that, given the vulnerabilities and the need to build the resilience of small island developing States, and keeping in mind the theme of the third International Conference on Small Island Developing States, there is an urgent need to strengthen international cooperation and ensure genuine and durable partnerships at the national, regional and international levels to address issues related to their sustainable development priorities and needs.	Strengthen international cooperation...sustainable development priorities and needs  Ensure genuine and durable partnerships....sustainable development priorities and need
		99. We also call for enhanced international cooperation, including North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation, and especially cooperation	Enhance international cooperation, including North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation, and cooperation

		<p>among small island developing States. We reaffirm that North-South cooperation remains the core type of international cooperation and that South-South cooperation is not a substitute for, but rather a complement to, North-South cooperation. We recognize that genuine and durable partnerships will play an important role in advancing sustainable development by harnessing the full potential of engagement between governments at all levels, businesses, civil society and a wide range of other stakeholders. We further recognize that partnerships are effective instruments for <u>mobilizing human and financial resources, expertise, technology and knowledge</u> and can be powerful drivers for change, innovation and welfare.</p>	<p>among small island developing States... mobilizing human and financial resources, expertise, technology and knowledge</p>
		<p>100. We reaffirm that small island developing States are equal partners and that empowered, genuine and durable partnerships are based on mutual collaboration and ownership, trust, alignment, harmonization, respect, results orientation, accountability and transparency and that political will is required to undertake and implement long-term, predictable commitments. Partnerships in all their forms, regardless of size and economic value, should be utilized, enhanced and strengthened to ensure the meaningful engagement of various actors (including local authorities, civil society and non-governmental</p>	<p>Form/solidify partnerships (including local authorities, civil society and non-governmental organizations, foundations, the private sector and international financial institutions) .....to cooperate in the implementation of national policies</p>

		<p>organizations, foundations, the private sector and international financial institutions) and should work to achieve the small island developing States' vision of self-reliance and to cooperate in the implementation of national policies that help to fulfil the commitments made in the Barbados Programme of Action, the Mauritius Strategy, the Samoa Pathway, the Millennium Development Goals and other international declarations and instruments.</p>	
		<p>101. In this regard, we request the Secretary-General, in consultation with Member States, to present recommendations, including through the use of existing intergovernmental mechanisms, for a partnership framework to monitor and ensure the full implementation of pledges and commitments through partnerships for small island developing States. The framework should ensure that partnerships focus on the priorities of small island developing States, identify new opportunities to advance their sustainable development of and ensure the full implementation of the Barbados Programme of Action, the Mauritius Strategy and the Samoa Pathway. The recommendations should be presented to the General Assembly for consideration and action at its sixty-ninth session.</p>	<p>Establish a partnership framework to monitor the full implementation of pledges and commitments</p>

102-106d	Financing	(a) To strengthen the use of domestic policies and financing, with due consideration for their respective levels of indebtedness and national capacities;	Strengthen the use of? domestic policies (for financing development)  and financing?
		(b) To gain access to international arrangements and modalities for the financing of development for developing countries, particularly small island developing States, including through capacity-building and a review of application procedures;	(Capacity building to understand) international arrangements and modalities for the financing of development for developing countries
		(c) To implement, with the provision of appropriate financial resources, in line with existing international commitments within the framework of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, climate change adaptation and mitigation projects;	(Mobilize resources to?) Implement climate change adaptation and mitigation projects
		(d) To reduce transfer costs related to remittances while pursuing the international targets and agreed outcomes of important international initiatives set by the United Nations system concerning remittances, given their importance for the economic growth of small island developing States.	To reduce transfer costs related to remittances... given their importance for the economic growth
107-107d	Trade	(a) To encourage their successful engagement in trade and economic agreements, taking into consideration existing special and differential treatment provisions, as appropriate, and taking note	Engagement in trade and economic agreements

		of the work conducted to date under the work programme on small economies of the World Trade Organization;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Work programme on small economies of the World Trade Organization</li> </ul>
		(b) To obtain technical assistance through trade-related assistance mechanisms and other programmes to strengthen their capacity to effectively participate in the multilateral trading system, including with respect to explaining trade rules and disciplines, negotiating and implementing trade agreements and formulating and administering coherent trade policies, with a view to improving trade competitiveness as well as development and growth prospects;	Technical assistance to increase capacity to effectively participate in the multilateral trading system
		(c) To assess the implications and mitigate the impact of non-tariff barriers to their market access opportunities through, inter alia, appropriate technical assistance and the implementation of the Trade Facilitation Agreement of the World Trade Organization;	<p>Technical assistance to assess the implications of non-tariff barriers to (on) their market access opportunities</p> <p>Technical assistance to (help develop measures to? ) mitigate the impact of non-tariff barriers to their market access opportunities</p>
		(d) To develop and strengthen partnerships to enhance the participation of small island developing States in the international trade in goods and services,	Develop partnerships to enhance the participation in the international trade in goods and services, build their productive



		build their productive capacities and address their supply side constraints.	capacities and address their supply side constraints  Strengthen partnerships (where they exist) to enhance the participation in the international trade in goods and services, build their productive capacities and address their supply side constraints
108-109j	Capacity-Building	<p>(a) To improve existing mechanisms and resources to provide coordinated and coherent United Nations system-wide capacity-building programmes for small island developing States through United Nations country teams, in collaboration with national agencies, regional commissions and intergovernmental organizations, to enhance national capacities and institutions, building on the lessons and successes of the Capacity 2015 initiative;</p> <p>(b) To strengthen their national institutions to complement capacity-building;</p> <p>(c) To ensure the inclusion of capacity-building and institution-strengthening, as appropriate, in all cooperation frameworks and partnerships and their integration in the priorities and work programmes of all United Nations agencies providing assistance to small island developing States in concert with other development efforts,</p>	<p>Improve existing mechanisms to provide coordinated and coherent United Nations system-wide capacity-building programmes</p> <p>(Increase) resources to provide coordinated and coherent United Nations system-wide capacity-building programmes</p> <p>(Strengthen national institutional capacity)</p> <p>Integrate capacity-building and institution-strengthening in all priorities and work programmes of all United Nations agencies (within their existing mandates and resources)</p>

		within their existing mandates and resources;	
		(d) To establish a dedicated intensive training programme for sustainable development for small island developing States in the University Consortium of Small Island States;	Establish a dedicated intensive training programme for sustainable development for small island developing States in the University Consortium of Small Island States
		(e) To strengthen technical assistance programmes in partnership with the United Nations Development Programme and the United Nations Office for South-South Cooperation and regional institutions in small island developing States;	Strengthen technical assistance programmes in partnership with the United Nations Development Programme and the United Nations Office for South-South Cooperation and regional institutions
		(f) To build national capacity, where appropriate, to utilize cost-benefit analysis for informed policymaking in the area of sustainable development, including models specific to small island developing States that evaluate the technical, financial, social, economic and environmental aspects related to the accession, ratification and implementation of multilateral environmental agreements and related instruments;	Build national capacity to utilize cost-benefit analysis for informed policymaking in the area of sustainable development, including models specific to small island developing
		(g) To build national capacity to fulfil reporting requirements deriving from commitments made by small island developing States when signing international agreements and commitments;	Build national capacity to fulfil reporting requirements of international agreements and commitments

		<p>(h) To establish national and regional information and communications technology platforms and information dissemination hubs in small island developing States to facilitate information exchange and cooperation, building on existing information and communications platforms, as appropriate;</p>	<p>Establish national information and communications technology platforms</p> <p>Establish national information and communications technology information dissemination hubs</p> <p>Establish regional information and communications technology platforms</p> <p>Establish regional information and communications technology information dissemination hubs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Building on existing information and communications platforms</li> </ul>
		<p>(i) To enhance regional and interregional cooperation among small island developing States on education and training so as to identify and apply appropriate good practices as solutions to shared challenges;</p>	<p>Enhance regional and interregional cooperation among small island developing States on education and training</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify and apply appropriate good practices as solutions to shared challenges</li> </ul>
		<p>(j) To ensure that women are fully and equally able to benefit from capacity development and that institutions are inclusive and supportive of women at all</p>	<p>Ensure that women are fully and equally able to benefit from capacity development</p>

		levels, including at the senior leadership levels.	Institutions are inclusive and supportive of women at all levels
<b>110-111</b>	<b>Technology</b>	<p>110. We recognize that access by small island developing States to appropriate reliable, affordable, modern and environmentally sound technologies is critical to achieving their sustainable development objectives and in fostering an environment that provides incentives for innovation and entrepreneurship and that science, technology and innovation are essential enablers and drivers for sustainable development.</p> <p>111. In this regard, we reaffirm our commitment to support the efforts of small island developing States to gain access, on mutually agreed terms, to appropriate, reliable, affordable, modern and environmentally sound technologies and know-how and to increase connectivity and the use of information and communications technology through improved infrastructure, training and national legislation, as well as public and private sector involvement.</p>	<p>Access to appropriate reliable, affordable, modern and environmentally sound technologies</p> <p>Access to appropriate, reliable, affordable, modern and environmentally sound technologies</p> <p>Increase connectivity (and the extent of use) of information and communications technology</p>
<b>112- 114c</b>	<b>Data and Statistics</b>	(a) To strengthen the availability and accessibility of their data and statistical systems, in accordance with national priorities and circumstances, and enhance their management of complex data	<p>Strengthen statistical systems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Partnerships</li> <li>• Manage complex data systems</li> </ul>

		systems, including geospatial data platforms, by launching new partnership initiatives or scaling up existing initiatives;	Improved data availability & accessibility
		(b) To utilize existing United Nations statistical standards and resources in the areas of social and environmental statistics;	(Capacity built) to utilize existing United Nations statistical standards  Resources in the areas of social and environmental statistics
		(c) To improve the collection, analysis, dissemination and use of gender statistics and data disaggregated by sex, age, disability and other relevant variables in a systemic and coordinated manner at the national level, through appropriate financial and technical support and capacity-building, while recognizing the need for international cooperation in this regard.	Financial and technical support and capacity-building to improve the collection, analysis and dissemination of statistics  Gender, disability statistics etc.
115-115c.	Role of UN System and Relevant Inter-governmental Organizations	(a) To make greater use of the national statistics and development indicators of small island developing States, where available	Make greater use of the national statistics and development indicators
		(b) To support a sustainable development statistics and information programme for small island developing States	Support a sustainable development statistics and information programme
		(c) To elaborate appropriate indices for assessing the progress made in the sustainable development of small island	Elaborate appropriate indices/(indicators) for assessing the progress made in the

		<p><b>developing States</b> that better reflect their vulnerability and guide them to adopt more informed policies and strategies for building and sustaining long-term resilience and to strengthen national disaggregated data and information systems as well as analytical capabilities for decision-making, the tracking of progress and the development of vulnerability-resilience country profiles</p>	sustainable development of small island developing States
<b>116-117d</b>	<b>Institutional Support for Small Island Developing States</b>	<p>(a) To ensure that <b>United Nations entities</b> take fully into account the issues of small island developing States and include support for those States and the <b>development of their capacities in their programmes</b> at the appropriate levels;</p> <p>(b) To continue to enhance, through national and regional initiatives, the voice and participation of small island developing States <b>in the decision-making and norm-setting processes of international financial institutions;</b></p> <p>(c) To <b>improve interregional and intraregional cooperation</b> and collaboration among small island developing States, including, where required, <b>through institutional mechanisms and capacity-building;</b></p>	<p>UN entities include (relevant) capacity development in their programmes</p> <p>(Increase the role of SIDS) in the decision-making and norm-setting processes of international financial institutions;</p> <p>Improve interregional and intraregional cooperation (for) institutional development and capacity-building</p>

		(d) To ensure that the issues of small island developing States are adequately addressed by the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council, as well as the high-level political forum on sustainable development convened under their auspices	