

United Nations Economic Commission for Africa

The VLR Preparatory Process: overview of approaches, milestones and deliverables

Lusungu Kayani Social Affairs Officer United Nations Economic Commission for Africa



Africa VLR Guideline – Mandate and Purpose



Result of a specific request made by member States



Provide a common guideline & template for VLRs

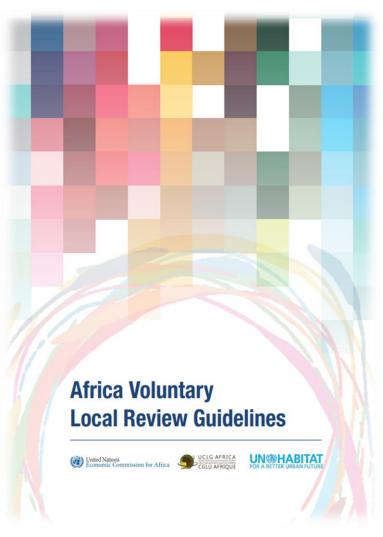


Further the VLR production in the region and provide a common approach



Foster local ownership, commitment and action

Collaboration between ECA, UN-Habitat and UCLG-Africa



Pilot VLRs

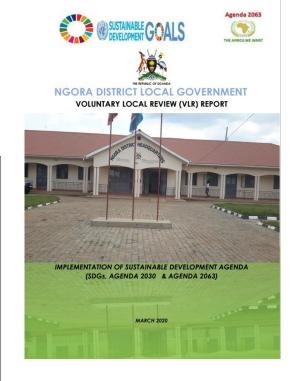


THE CITY OF ACCRA 2020 VOLUNTARY LOCAL REVIEW (VLR) REPORT ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE 2030 AGENDA FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND AFRICAN UNION AGENDA 2063

> Presented by: Iccra Metropolitan Assembly (AMA) February, 2020

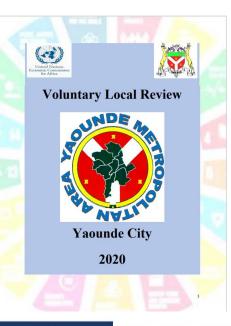
VOLUNTARY LOCAL REVIEW

Victoria Falls Town's Implementation of the 2030 Agenda and Agenda 2063 for Sustainable Development March 2020

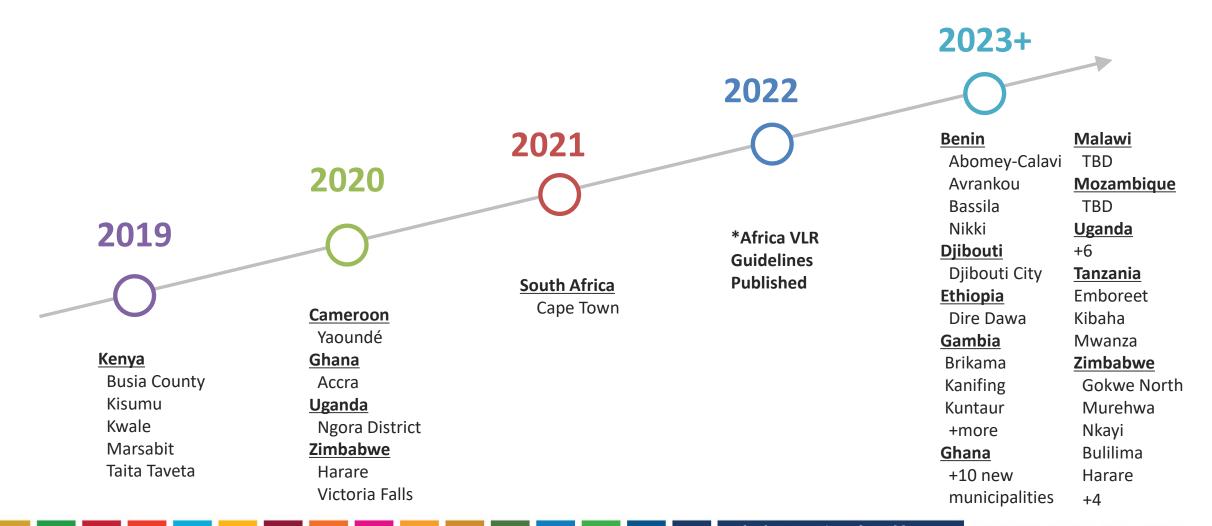




Harare Voluntary Local Review of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) Report, June 2020

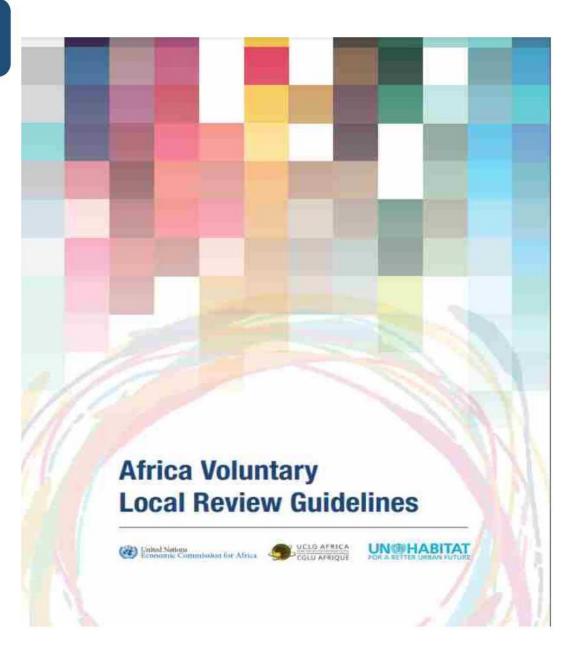


VLR Momentum in Africa - update



Africa VLR Guidelines

- Simple
- Easy to follow
- Best practices
- Lessons learned
- Guiding questions
- Tools



How to begin a VLR Process?

• Getting Started - Africa VLR Guidelines Guiding Principles



Find out where you are and define a way forward. VLRs are a tool for monitoring and measuring progress, but they are also a mechanism for planning local action. A lack of data should not hold you back and start with what you have.



VLRs are a tool for telling your local story. VLRs allow local and regional governments to tell their story and present local priorities.



VLRs represent a process, not just a product. The VLR is a process and not just a report and the process is engaging, participatory and unbound by a defined start and end dates.



VLRs should promote multi-stakeholder engagement that incorporates principles of human rights, gender equality and leaving no one behind.



VLRs enhance linkages between national and local levels of government. VLRs can complement reporting at the national level by improving monitoring and coherence in implementation.

Africa VLR: The Template

Phase I	Phase II	Phase III
 Methodological Processes: preparatory work, literature review and visioning SDGs and Agenda 2063 - Linking priorities 	 Data collection, analysis and write up 	 Integration, Monitoring, Implementation and Follow-up
 Stakeholder engagement planning 	 Validation, Publication & dissemination 	 Conclusion
 Institutional Model for leading review 		
 Roadmap and work plan 		

Activity

SDG and Agenda 2063 awareness-raising with local stakeholders

Localization of SDGs through the production of a localization report or some sort of SDGs report for local context Organization of survey or questionnaire to be distributed locality-- wide that captures inputs to the SDGs and A20

Determine resources needed to conduct local review

OUTPUTS

- Local expressions of interest by subnational government to conduct VLR
- 2030 Alignment or SDG localisation report
- Online surveys
- Budgeting and costing

Activity

- Desk review on local policies, strategies, plans and programs responding to the SDGs
- SDG Awareness raising and public outreach
- Identify organizations collecting relevant data
- Map Agenda 2063 goals and indicators to local plans and strategies
- Determine institutional mechanism to lead VLR, including task force and key stakeholders

Map stakeholders contributing to the SDGs and A63 in the locality

Prepare a stakeholder engagement plan for each phase of the VLR outlining the purpose of consultations

Set vision for local implementation on what the locality wants to see happen by 2030

Define a roadmap and work plan

OUTPUTS

- Stakeholder Mapping
- Stakeholder engagement plan
- Policy alignment to SDGs and Agenda 2063
- Roadmap or workplan

Activity

Prioritize goals, targets and indicators for review.

Define the number of goals locality wants to measure and monitor

Continue identifying organizations collecting data for the localized targets and indicators Develop proxy indicators where needed

Finalize the definition of local targets and indicators

PHASE

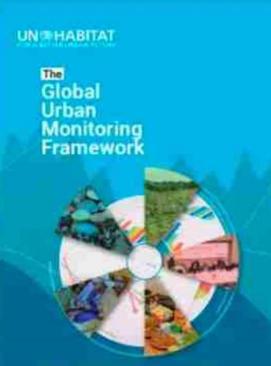
Where possible, present data in terms of in timeseries, percentages, proportions, ratios

Develop data collection methodology and approach identifying list of instruments for data collection, sources of limitations encountered

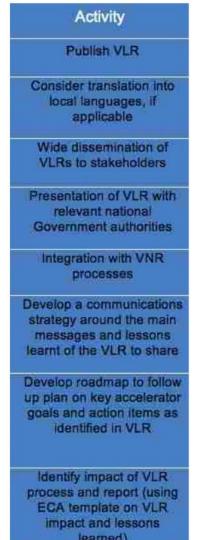
Review progress against each identified priority SDG and localized targets and indicators highlighting successes and challenges

OUTPUTS

- Selection of targets & indicators based on priorities, stakeholder inputs
- Quantitative and qualitative data collection instruments, including spatial
- Data analysis with stakeholders: highlight progress and challenges

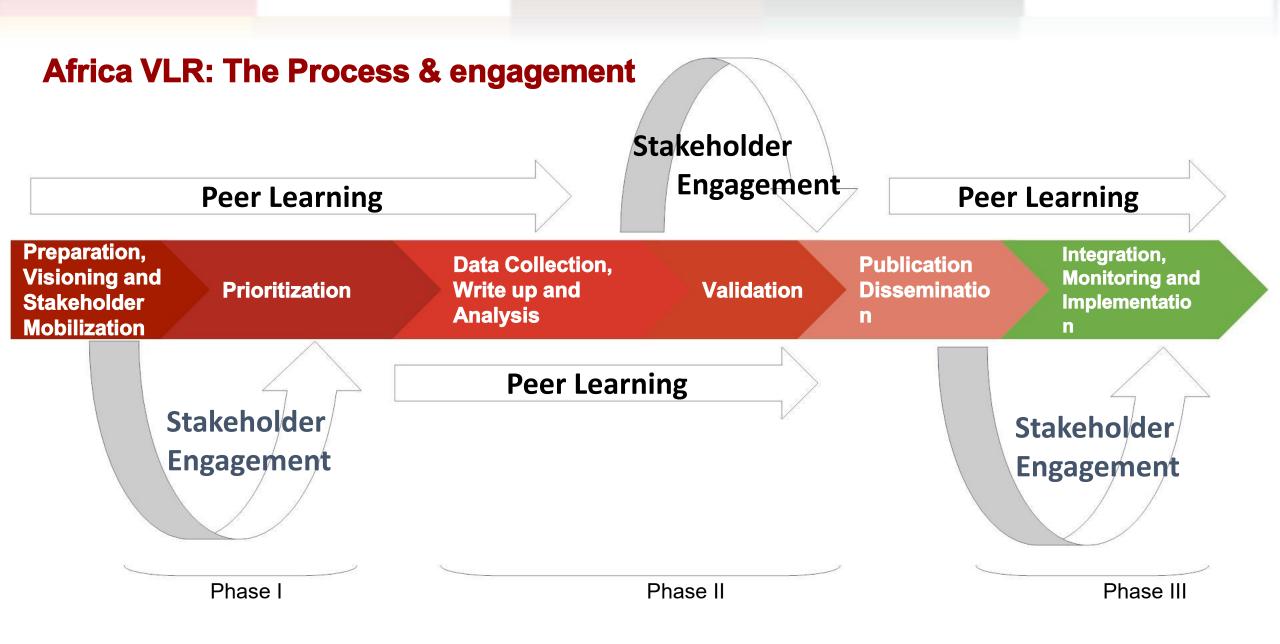


Shift for urban memoring of 125ks and Mich and other from informationers in terms comment and giving Partments



OUTPUTS

- VLR draft for review + Integration of comments
- Presentation at a stakeholder forum
- Final layout and design of VLR
- VLR Launch
- Integration of VLR in VNR
- Implementation of priorities outlined
- ARFSD, HLPF, other localisation events





THANK YOU!

