

FINDINGS FROM THE MALAWI CIVIL SOCIETY REPORT ON SDGs AT MID- POINT - 2023

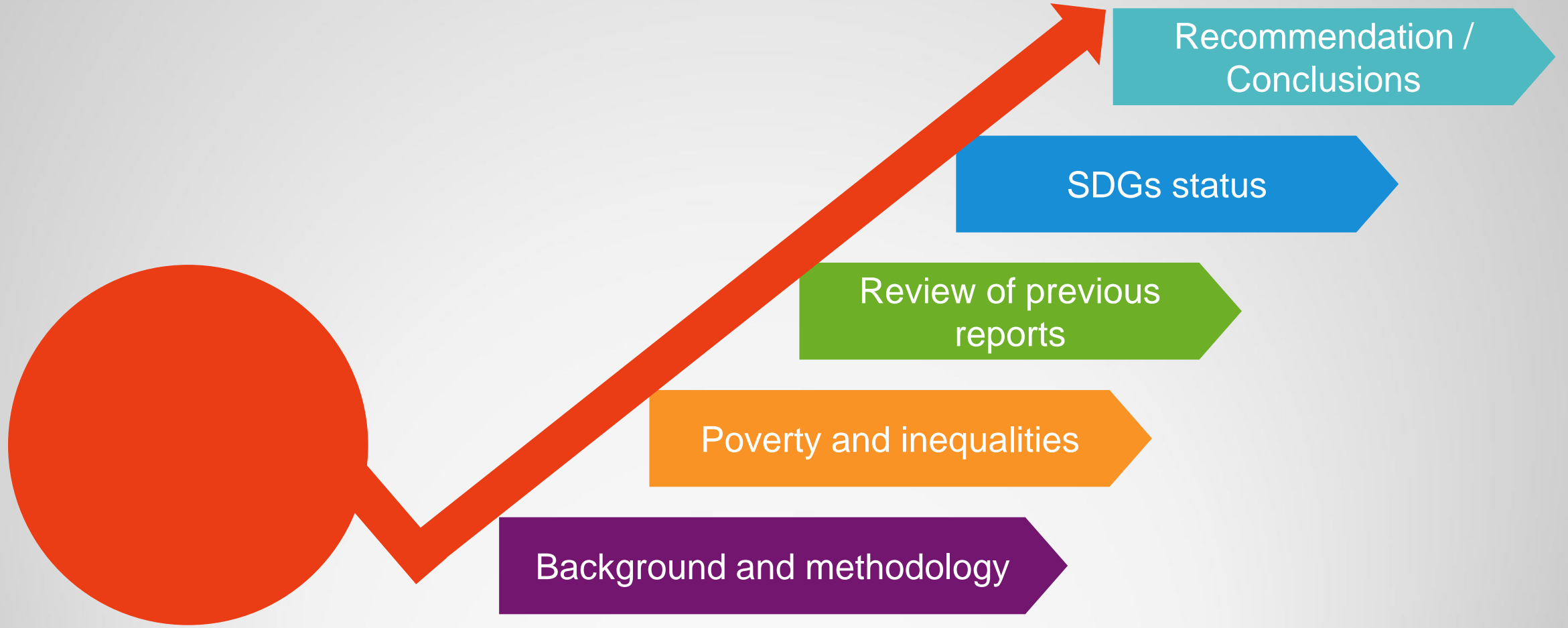
CONGOMA, Sunbird Lilongwe Hotel, 25 April 2024

In partnership with

1. National Civil Society Taskforce on SDGs in Malawi

2. World Vision International - Malawi

Presentation outline



Methodology

1 CSO consultations

2 National reports

3 Global reports

4 Triangulation

5 Compilation



Overview

1	Demographics	20 million people, 47 million by 2063, 206/square Kilometre	
2	Economy	Agrarian, debt 72.2% of GDP (K9.4 trillion, inflation, rising costs, 0.7% growth	
3	Poverty	50.7%, 58.8% multi-dimensionally poor, 70.1% live on less than 2.15/day	
4	Inequalities	Resource control, access to amenities, wealth disparities, gender, education, health etc	
5	Gaps	Prioritisation, generation of funds, resource allocation	

SDG status according to Govt report (2023)

**1. Significant
Progress
18%**

•SDGs 3, 13,
14

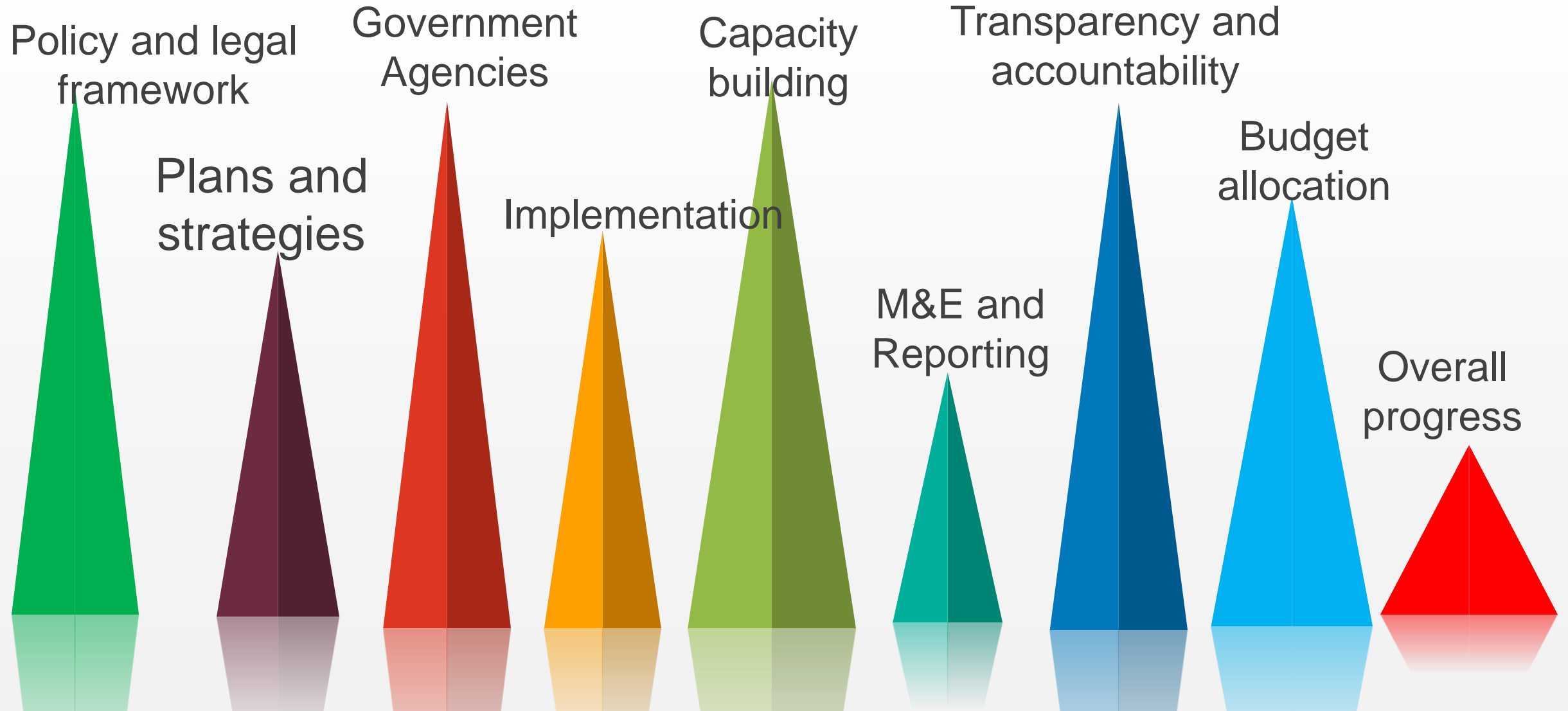
**2. Moderate
progress
41%**

•SDGs 2, 6,
9, 12, 15, 16
and 17

**3. Insufficient
progress
41%**

•SDGs 1, 4,
5, 7, 8, 10,
11

Basis for analysis for each SDG



WHAT ARE THE KEY ENGAGEMENT AREAS?

- Policy dialogue at all levels: Coordination groups, TWGs, joint implementation, Government committees / taskforces, commemoration events, LG structures etc.
- Availability of credible data: CSOs should be allowed to contribute data where official data is not available.





OPPORTUNITIES

01

Sharing of plans, roles and reporting btwn and among CSOs & Govt entities

02

CSO participation in Government instituted platforms

03

CSOs participating in national planning



CHALLENGES (&RECOMMENDATIONS)

1

COVID 19

2

Digital divide (less than 20% have access to internet)

3

Data gaps

4

Debt crisis

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

02

Available frameworks

04

Resources from donors required

06

Even distribution of actors on the ground needed



01

Uneven road towards SDGs

03

Limited SDG awareness

05

Need for more CSO involvement

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS...

08

Need for improved monitoring of interventions

10

Prioritise sectors

12

Political stability



07

Alignment to available frameworks

09

Enhance partnerships with the Global North

11

End bad governance

Thank you!

Plenary